

Ronstar

HERBICIDE

For use by Professional Applicators only. Not for use by homeowners/consumers. Not for **Use in Turfgrass on Residential Properties.**

PREEMERGENT HERBICIDE FOR THE CONTROL OF ANNUAL GRASSES AND BROADLEAF WEEDS IN TURFGRASS AND ORNAMENTALS INCLUDING LANDSCAPE ORNAMENTAL BEDS ON RESIDENTIAL PROPERTIES BY A PROFESSIONAL APPLICATOR

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

Oxadiazon 3-[2,4-dichloro-5-(1-methylethoxy)phenyl]-5-

TOTAL: 100.0%

EPA Reg. No. 432-886

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN WARNING AVISO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alquien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.) See Panel for First Aid Instructions and Booklet for Complete Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use.

For MEDICAL and TRANSPORTATION Emergencies ONLY Call 24 Hours A Day 1-800-334-7577 For PRODUCT USE Information Call 1-800-331-2867

	FIRST AID
If in eyes:	 Hold eyes open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 - 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
lf on skin or clothing:	 Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 - 20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If inhaled:	 Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
If swallowed:	 Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.
Have the produc	ct container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

WARNING

Causes substantial but temporary eye injury. Harmful if absorbed through skin. Harmful if inhaled. Do not get in eyes or on clothing. Avoid contact with skin.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are made of any waterproof material. See below for additional options.

Loaders, applicators and other handlers must wear:

Long-sleeved shirt and long pants,

Shoes plus socks.

Chemical resistant gloves (such as polyethylene or polyvinyl chloride), and

Goggles, face shield or safety glasses.

Engineering Controls is shown below.

UŠER SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS STATEMENTS:

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
Users should remove clothing/ PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
Users should remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is toxic to fish. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes. RONSTAR® G Herbicide should not be used in areas where irrigation or rainfall results in the direct or indirect (via ditches and canals) contamination of surface waters through dissolved runoff or erosion of soil particles to which oxadiazon is absorbed.

Do not use in areas where endangered Hawaiian Goose or nene (*Branta sandvicensis*), Hawaiian duck (*Anas wyvilliana*), Hawaiian Stilt (*Himantopus mexicanus knudseni*), and Hawaiian Moorhen (*Gallinula chloropus sandvicensis*) may feed.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Read entire label before using this product.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation. Not for use on home lawns.

Net Contents

50 Pounds

04251058

04593765F 170130AV2



AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry intervals. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard. Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is coveralls, shoes plus socks and chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material.

NON AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are not within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses. Do not allow people or pets to enter treated areas until dust has settled.

Do not apply RONSTAR G Herbicide through any type of irrigation system.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

RONSTAR G Herbicide is a preemergent herbicide for control of many annual grasses and broadleaf weeds in turf and on a wide variety of woody ornamental shrubs, vines, and trees. RONSTAR G Herbicide controls weeds by killing the weed seedlings as they come in contact with the herbicide during germination.

Apply RONSTAR G Herbicide with a properly calibrated granular applicator that will apply the granules uniformly (uniform application is essential for satisfactory weed control). Calibrate the applicator prior to use, according to the manufacturer's directions, and check frequently during the application to be certain that the equipment is working properly.

For best results, water-in the product as soon as practical after application.

TURF

For use in established perennial Bluegrass, Bentgrass, Bermudagrass, Buffalograss, Perennial Ryegrass, St. Augustine grass, Seashore Paspalum*, Tall Fescue, and Zoysia turf; such as, fairways, parks, golf courses, and lawns. Rake turf area free of leaves, mowing if necessary, so granules reach soil surface. Measure area to be treated and apply required amount, using a fertilizer spreader. Cross-treating with one-half required amount in each direction will give best results. If rain is not expected shortly after application, irrigating the turf thoroughly will increase effectiveness.

RESTRICTIONS:

- Do not apply to Bentgrass turf mowed at less than 3/8 inch.
- Do not apply RONSTAR G Herbicide to newly seeded areas.
- Do not apply to Dichondra or Centipedegrass.
- DO NOT APPLY RONSTAR G Herbicide to putting greens or tees because of the varying cultural practices used.
- Do not apply more than 4 pounds of active ingredient per acre per application.
- Do not apply to wet turf.
- Do not apply more than 200 lbs of product (4 pounds of a. i.) per acre per application. Do not make more than 2 applications per year.
- Not for Use in Turfgrass on Residential Properties.
- The maximum application rate allowed per year is 300 pounds of product per acre per year (equivalent to 6 pounds of active ingredient per acre year), except in
 areas where there is heavy weed infestation. In areas of heavy weed infestation, the maximum application rate is 400 pounds of product per acre per year
 (equivalent to 8 pounds of active ingredient per acre year).
- For St. Augustine grass and Bentgrass turf, do not exceed the rate of 150 pounds per acre (3 pounds active ingredient) of RONSTAR G Herbicide.
- Do not overseed fairways before 60 days after an application of RONSTAR G Herbicide. Do not use where Poa trivialis is present in overseed mix.

Use Precautions:

- RONSTAR G Herbicide may cause discoloration of Bentgrass, Bermudagrass and St. Augustine grass. This discoloration is temporary and normally outgrown within 2 to 3 weeks.
- · Avoid contact with flowers and shrubs except as discussed elsewhere on this label.
- Seeding into treated areas should be delayed until 4 months after treatment except as noted below.
- When making applications to Tropic Lalo, applications should be made 0 12 days after sprigging.

PREEMERGENT WEED CONTROL

	AMOUNT OF RONSTAR G Herbicide			
WEEDS CONTROLLED	PER ACRE	PER 1000 SQ FT	WHEN TO APPLY	
Crabgrass (<i>Digitaria spp.</i>) Goosegrass (<i>Eleusine indica</i>) Field Sandbur* (<i>Cenchus incertus</i>) Annual Sedge* (<i>Cyperus compressus</i>)	100 to 200 lbs	2-1/4 to 4-1/2 lbs. Use the higher rate with expected heavier weed pressure	Apply in late winter or early spring prior to weed seed germination. Application made after March or April may not be fully effective. The maximum number of applications that may be made per year are two. The maximum single application rate is 4 lbs. a.i./A. A subsequent application can be made 4 months after the previous treatment.	
Annual Bluegrass* (Poa Annua spp.) (See note below)	100 to 200 lbs	2-1/4 to 4-1/2 lbs Use the higher rate with expected heavier weed pressure	Apply in late summer to early fall prior to weed seed germination. RONSTAR G Herbicide does not control Poa annua that has germinated prior to the application.	
Virginia Buttonweed (Diodia virginiana) Pigweed (Amaranthus spp.) Florida Pusley (Riichardia scabra) Oxalis (Oxalis spp.) Stinging Nettle (Urtica dioica) Caroetgrass (Axonoous fissifolius)	200 lbs	4-1/2 lbs	Apply in early spring prior to weed seed germination.	

*Use not permitted in California

FALL APPLICATION FOR SPRING WEED CONTROL IN COOL SEASON TURF*

	AMOUNT OF R	ONSTAR G Herbicide	
WEEDS CONTROLLED	PER ACRE	PER 1000 SQ FT	WHEN TO APPLY
Crabgrass, Goosegrass, and other annual weeds	150 to 200 lbs	3-3/8 to 4-1/2 lbs Use the higher rate with expected heavier weed pressure	For use in Bluegrass, Bentgrass, Perennial Ryegrass, and Tall Fescue turf. Make application in the fall after turf has become dormant. For late, fall applications, seeding into treated areas should be delayed until 4 months after green up.

ANNUAL BLUEGRASS CONTROL IN BERMUDAGRASS FAIRWAYS OVERSEEDED WITH PERENNIAL RYEGRASS

	AMOUNT OF RONSTAR G Herbicide		COOL SEASON TURF	
WEEDS CONTROLLED	PER ACRE	PER 1000 SQ FT	WHEN TO APPLY	
Annual Bluegrass (<i>Poa annua</i> spp.) See Note below	100 lbs	2-1/4 lbs	Apply in late summer to early fall prior to <i>Poa annua</i> spp. seed germination. Any Poa annua spp. established when this product is applied will not be controlled. RONSTAR G Herbicide will only control the <i>Poa annua</i> spp. that is established from seed every year. Restrictions: Do not overseed fairways before 60 days after an application of RONSTAR G Herbicide. Do not use where <i>Poa trivialis</i> is present in overseed mix.	

NOTE: In many areas, annual bluegrass exists as at least two biotypes or subspecies of *Poa annua*. The true annual biotype is *Poa annua sp annua* which germinates every year from seed, while the biotype that behaves like a perennial is *Poa annua sp reptans*. This perennial biotype can survive through the summer and established plants will not be controlled by this product. Consult the extension service or University weed specialists in your area for more information.

ANNUAL WEED CONTROL DURING BERMUDAGRASS, ZOYSIAGRASS, SEASHORE PASPALUM, AND TROPIC LALO (Paspalum hieronymit) ESTABLISHMENT FROM SPRIGS*

AMOUNT OF RONSTAR G Herbicide		RONSTAR G Herbicide		
WEEDS CONTROLLED	PER ACRE PER 1000 SQ FT		WHEN TO APPLY	
Crabgrass, Goosegrass, Annual Sedge, and other annual weeds	100 to 150 lbs	2-1/4 to 3 3/8 lbs Use the higher rate with expected heavier weed pressure	For Bermudagrass, make application immediately prior to or immediately after sprigging. For Seashore Paspalum, make application 10 to 14 days after sprigging. Applications made close to the time of sprigging may cause objectionable Seashore Paspalum injury. Disturbance of the soil surface after RONSTAR G Herbicide application may disrupt the herbicide barrier and reduce effectiveness. Irrigate immediately after application for best results. Restrictions: The maximum number of applications that may be made per year are two. The maximum single application rate is 4 lbs. a.i./A. A subsequent application can be made 4 months after the previous treatment.	

^{*}Use not permitted in California

WOODY ORNAMENTAL SHRUBS, VINES, TREES, AND CONIFER NURSERY* APPLICATION

Apply RONSTAR G Herbicide anytime during the year, prior to weed seed germination, for weed control. RONSTAR G Herbicide can be applied to both newly transplanted and established ornamentals. Application can be made to actively growing or dormant ornamentals. Rainfall or overhead irrigation after application of RONSTAR G Herbicide will improve weed control activity. RONSTAR G Herbicide should not be mixed into the soil. Cultivating or disturbing the soil may reduce the weed control activity of RONSTAR G Herbicide.

For residential properties, do not allow unprotected persons or pets to enter the treated areas until the RONSTAR G Herbicide is watered-in.

ORNAMENTALS ON RESIDENTAL PROPERTIES: (Not for use in turfgrass on residential properties): RONSTAR G Herbicide may be applied to landscape beds consisting of well defined areas of solid or mixed stands of trees, shrubs, and ground covers located around the outside of buildings and other structures as well as open areas of the residential property. The landscape beds must not include any turfgrass lawn within the defined limits of the beds. Applications of RONSTAR G Herbicide must be made by a professional applicator only. Carefully measure the area of all beds to be treated in order to insure accurate application rate.

RESTRICTION:

- . Do not apply in greenhouses as plant injury may result from co-distillation of RONSTAR G Herbicide active ingredient onto leaf surfaces in condensate.
- Do not apply to wet foliage or under conditions in which granules will collect on leaves.

AMOUNT TO USE:

Ground Application -- Apply RONSTAR G Herbicide broadcast to ornamentals at 100 to 200 pounds of product per acre (or 2 1/4 to 4 1/2 pounds per 1,000 square feet) depending on the weeds to be controlled, as listed below. Remove existing weed growth before application. For use rates and amounts to use refer to the Amount to Use section and at the end of the Weed list box that follows.

*Use not permitted in California

	ANNUAL BE	ROADLEAF WEEDS	
Bittercress Bristly Oxtongue† Carpetweed Cheeseweed† Common Groundsel Common Purslane *Evening Primrose Fiddleneck† Fireweed† *Galinsoga Garden Spurge† Golden Ragwort Lambsquarters **Liverwort	(Cardamine spp.) (Picris ecthoides) (Mollugo verticillata) (Malva parviflora) (Senecio vulgaaris) (Portulaca olreacea) (Oenothera spp.) (Amsinckia intermedia) (Epilobium angustifolium) (Galinsoga spp.) (Euphorhia hirta) (Senecio aureus) (Chenopodium album) (Marchantia spp.)	Niruri† Pennsylvania Smartweed Petty Spurge **Prostrate Spurge Redroot Pigweed Shepherdspurse† Sensitive Plant† Sow Thistle Speedwell Spiny Amaranth† Spotted Catsear *Swinecress Yellow Woodsorrel	(Phyllanthus niruri) (Polygonum pensylvanicum) (Euphorbia peplus) (Euphorbia supina) (Amaraanthus retroflexus) (Capsella bursa-pastoris) (Mimosa predica) (Sonchus oleraceus) (Veronica spp.) (Amaranthus spinosus) (Hypochaeris radicata) (Coronopus didymus) (Oxalis stricta)
	ANN	IUAL GRASSES	
Annual Bluegrass Annual Sedge† *Barnyardgrass Bristly Foxtail† Crabgrass Fall Panicum	(Poa annua) (Cyperus compressus) (Echinochloa crus-gall) (Setaria verticillata) (Digitaria spp.) (Panicum dichotomiflorum)	Green Foxtail Goosegrass **Jungle Ricegrass **Panama Paspalum Ripgut Bromegrass† Wild Oats†	(Seetaria viridis) (Eleusine indica) (Echinochloa colonum) (Paspalum fimbriaatum) (Bromus catharticus) (Avena fatua)

^{*}Apply 150 to 200 pounds (3.0 to 4.0 pounds of active ingredient) per acre to control these weeds. Use the higher rate with expected heavier weed pressure. For residential landscape ornamentals: The maximum number of applications that may be made per year are two. The maximum single application rate is 4.0 pounds of active ingredient per acre.

The maximum amount allowed per year is 300 pounds of product per acre (equivalent to 6.0 pounds of active ingredient per acre year), except in areas where there is heavy weed infestation. In areas of heavy weed infestation, the maximum amount allowed per year is 400 pounds of product per acre (equivalent to 8.0 pounds of active ingredient per acre year). For best results, water-in product as soon as practical after application.

^{**} Apply 200 pounds (4.0 pounds of active ingredient) per acre to control these weeds.

[†] Use not permitted in California

TOLERANT SPECIES OF ORNAMENTALS AND GROUND COVERSRONSTAR G Herbicide may be applied to established ornamental plants (including plants grown for ground covers) and ground cover plants in containers, nurseries, and landscape plantings. RONSTAR G Herbicide may be applied on the following ornamental varieties.

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Abutilon	Abutilon pictum	Jasmine, Star	Trachelospermum jasminoides
Acacia	Acacia spp.	Jasmine, Showy	Jasminum floridum
gapanthus	Agapanthus africanus	Juniper	Juniperus spp.
llamanda, Common	Allamanda cathartica	Justica	Justica brandegeana
lpine Willow	Epilobium fleisheri	Kwanzan Cherry†	Prunus serrulata
ındromeda	Pieris spp.	Lamb's Ear†	Stachys byzantina
nthuriums (Ozaki Red)†		Lantana, Trailing	Lantana montevidensis
pache Plume	Fallugia paradoxa	Lapalapa	Cheirodendron spp.
ralia	Aralia spinosa	Larch, European	Larix deciduas
rborvitae	Thuja spp.	Laurel, English	Prunus laurocerasus
sh, Green	Fraxinus pennsylvanica	Leopards – Bane†	Doronicum cordatum
zalea	Rhododendron spp.	Leucothoe, Coast	Leucothoe axillaries
laby's Breath† lald Cypress†	Gypsophila paniculata Takodium distichum	Leucothoe, Drooping	(catesbaei) Agapanthus umbellatus
amboo, Feathery	Bambusa vulgaris	Lily of the Nile Lilac	Syringa spp.
anyan, Weeping	Ficus benghalensia	Littleleaf Linden†	Tilia cordata
arberry	Berberis spp.	Little Pickles	Othonna capensis
eefsteak plant	Acalypha wilkesiana	Loguat*	Eriobotrya japonica
Bearbery	Arctostaphylos uva-ursi	Magnolia	Magnolia spp.
eech, European	Fagus sylvatica	Mahonia, Grape Holly	Mahonia aquifolium
irch, Paper	Betula papyrifera	Maple	Acer spp.
lanket Flower†	Gaillardia aristata	Metallic Plant	Hemigraphis colorata
lazing Star†	Liatris spicata	Mexican Orange†	Choisya ternate
oxwood, Japanese	Buxus microphylla	Mock Orange†	Philadelphus virginalis
oxwood, Common	Buxus sempervirens	Money Tree	Pleomele marginata
louganvillea	Bounganvillea spectabilis	Murraea	Murraea exotica
rassaia, Dwarf	Brassaia actinophylla	Murraea	Murraea paniculata
uddleia	Buddleia davidii	Myoporum	Myoporum laetum
ugleflower†	Ajuga reptans	Myrtle	Myrtus communis
Callistemon	Callistemon lanceolatus	Nandina	Nandina domestica
Camellia, Common, Japanese	Camellia japonica	Oak Ochana	Quercus spp.
amellia, Sasanqua andytuft	Camellia sasanqua Iberis sempirvirens	Ochana Ohai	Ochana serrulata Samanea saman
andytuit Parissa	Carissa macrocarpa	Oleander	Samanea saman Nerium oleander
arnation	Dianthus caryophyllus	Orthosiphon	Orthiosiphon stamineus
Ceanothus	Ceanothus americanus	Osmanthus	Osmanthus heterophyllus
Cedar, Red	Juniperus virginia	Pachysandra	Pachysandra terminalis
edar, Atlas	Cedrus atlantica	Palm, Bamboo	Rhapi excelsa
istus	Cistus purpureus	Palm, Fishtail	Caryota spp.
citrus, Ornamental*:	, . ,	Palm, Licuala	Licuala Thunb. spp.
Grapefruit	Citrus paradisi	Palm, Macarthur	Ptychosperma marcarthurii
Lemon	Citrus limon	Palm, Manac	Euterpe spp.
Lime	Citrus aurantifolia Bearss	Palm, Manila	Veitchia merillii
Mandarin	Citrus reticulata	Palm, Parlor	Collinia elegans
Tangelo	Citrus XTangelo Minneola	Palm, Rattan	Daemonorops spp.
Tangerine	Citrus reticulata var. tangerina	Palm, Sealing Wax	Cytrostachuys lakka
Temple	Citrus Xnobilis Temple	Palm, Sugar	Arenga saccharifera
Cuban Shaddock	Citrus maxima	Paperbark Tree†	Melaleuca leucadendra
Valencia Washington Naval	Citrus sinensis	Peony†	Poeonia spp.
Washington Navel	Clayora Japanica	Periwinkle, Common	Vinca minor
Cleyera†	Cleyera laponica	Periwinkle, Large	Vinca major Photinia fraciori
Coreopsis†	Coreopsis lanceolata	Photinia, Frasier's	Photinia frasieri
Coromandel† Cotoneaster	Asystasia gangentica Cotoneaster spp.	Poinciana Pine	Delonix regea Pinus spp.
crabapple*†	<i>Cotoneaster</i> spp. <i>Malus</i> spp.	Pittosporum, Japanese	Pittosporum tobira
rapemyrtle	Lagerstroemia indica	Plum, Natal	Carissa macrocarpa
reeping Phlox	Pholx subulata	Podocarpus, Yew	Podocarpus macrophylla
Chrysanthemum	Chrysanthemum spp.	Pomegranite*	Punica granatum
ypress	Cupressus spp.	Poplar	Populus spp.
ypress, Leyland	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Potentilla	Potentilla fruticosa
ahlia†	Dahlia spp.	Potentilla	Potentilla fragiformis
aphne, Fragrant	Daphne odora	Privet	<i>Ligustrum</i> spp.
eutzia, Slender	Deutzia gracilis	Protea species	Banksia menzesii
ieffenbachia†	Dieffenbachia spp.		Leucadendron discolor
logwood, Common	Cornus florida		Leucospermum cordifolium
logwood, Redosier	Cornus stolonifera		Protea exinia
ogwood, Kousa	Cornus kousa	Pyracantha	Pyracantha coccinea
ouglas fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	Raphiolepis	Raphiolepis umbellata
lm coollonio	Ulmus spp.	Redwood, Dawn	Metasequoia glyptostroboides
scallonia	Escallonia spp.	Rhododendron	Rhododendron spp.
ucalyptus urvons Gray Leaved	Eucalyptus spp.	Rose Russian Olive	Rosa spp.
uryops, Gray Leaved uonymus, Spreading	Euryops pectinatus Euonymus kiautshovicus	Sargent Cherry†	Eleagnus angustifolia Prunus sargentii
uonymus, Spreading uonymus, Wintercreeper	Euonymus fortunei	Sargent Cherry Scotch Broom	Cytisus scoparius
alsecypress, Hinoki	Chaemaecyparis obtusa	Sedum	Sedum album
alsecypress, filloki alsecypress, Japanese	Chaemaecyparis oblusa Chaemaecyparis pisifera	Serviceberry, Saskatoon*†	Amelancheir alnifolia
lowering Quince	Chaenomeles speciosa	Silver Butterfly Bush	Buddleia altemifolia
orsythia	Forsythia intermedia	Smith Buckthorn	Rahmnus smithii
ountain Grass	Pennisetum alopecuroides	Speedwell	Veronica spicata
ardenia	Gardenia jasminoides	Spruce	Picea spp.
azania, Trailing	Gazania uniflora leucoleana	Statice†	Limonium spp.
inko	Ginko biloba	St Johnswort, Golden	Hypericum frondosum
ladiolas†		St.Johnswort, Goldencup	Hypericum patulum
olden Raintree†	Koelreuteria paniculata	Strawberry Tree	Arbutus unedo
eath, Spring	Erica carnea	Sumac, Staghorn	Rhus typhina
eather, Scotch	Calluna vulgaris	Sweet William†	Dianthus barbatus
eliotropium	Heliotropium arborescens	Syzygium	Syzygium paniculatum
emlock, Canada†	Tsuga canadensis	Trailing African Daisy	Osteospermum fruticosum
ibiscus	Hisbiscus spp.	Viburnum	<i>Viburnum</i> spp.
oneysuckle	Lonicera spp.	Wedelia	Wedelia trilobata
lolly	llex spp.	Wisteria, Chinese†	Wisteria synensis
ce Plant	Carpobrotus edule	Witchhazel, Common†	Hamamelis virginiana
ima	Sida fallax	Woadwaxen, Common†	Genista tinctoria
ry, Algerian	Hedera canariensis	Wooly Thyme†	Thymus pseudolanugirosis
y, English	Hedera helix	Xylosma	Xylosma congestum
asmine, Orange	Murraya paniculata	Yellow Foxgolve	Digitalis x mertonensis

 $^{^{\}star}$ For use only on plants that will not bear edible fruit within one year of RONSTAR G Herbicide application. †Use not permitted in California

NEWLY TRANSPLANTED ORNAMENTALS AND GROUND COVERS

COMMON NAME Blanket Flowert Gaillardia aristata Brassaia, Dwarf Brassia actinophylla Camellia japonica Camellia Carnation Diianthus caryophyllus Cedar, Red Juniperus atlantica Coromandel+ Asystasia gangentica Dogwood, Flowering Cornus florida Elm *Ulmus* spp. Forsythia Forsythia intermedia

Gazania, Trailing Gazania uniflora leucoleana Hackberry† Celtis occidentalis lvy, Algerian Hedera canariensis lvv. English Hedera helix Hemlock, Canada Tsuga canadensis Holly llex spp. Ice Plant Carpobrotus edule Juniper *Juniperus* spp. Leopards - Bane† Doronicum cordatum

†Use not permitted in California

Metallic Plant

COMMON NAME

0ak Periwinkle, Common Periwinkle, Large

Pine Poplar Privet Protea Species

Rhododendron Russian Olive Spruce . Trailing African Daisy Wedelia

Wisteria, Chinese†

SCIENTIFIC NAME

Quercus spp

Vinca minoi Vinca major Pinus spp. Populus spp Liaustrum spp. Banksia menzesii Leucadendron discolor Leucospermum cordifolium

Protea exinia Rhododendrun spp. Eleagnus angustifolia Picea spp. Osteospermum fruticosum Wedelia trilobata Wisteria synensis Taxus spp.

FOREST NURSERY APPLICATION

Seedlings of the following species may be treated with RONSTAR G Herbicide at least 4 weeks after seedling emergence:

COMMON NAME **SCIENTIFIC NAME** Pine, Eastern White Pinus strobus Pine. Loblolly Pinus teada Pine, Slash Pinus caribaea

SENSITIVE VARIETIES OF ORNAMENTALS

Under certain growing conditions, the plant varieties listed below may be sensitive to RONSTAR G Herbicide. Evaluate usage on a small scale prior to large scale applications

PLANT SPECIES

Andromeda (Pieris japonica) Azalea (Rhododendron spp.)

Cotoneaster (Cotoneaster spp.)

Crapemyrtle (Lagerstroemia indica) Heath, Spring (Erica carnea)

Hemlock, Canada (Tsuga canadensis)

Hibiscus (Hibiscus syriacus) Rhododendron (Rhododendron spp.)

Spruce, Norway (*Picea abies*) Spruce, White (*Picea glauca*) Viburnum (Viburnum spp.)

VARIETIES

Hemigraphis colorata

Snowdrift, Temple Bell

Pink Champagne, Hershey, Leuchtenfuer, Memoire John Hearrens, Hino-Crimson, White Grandeur, Everest, Girard Roberta

Eichholz, Himalavan, Shangri-la

Petite Red Imp, Seminole Bush

Mediterranean Pink

Red Heart

Daphnoides, Nova Zembla, Catawba Album

Pumila Densata Davidii

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed, by storage or disposa

PESTICIDE STORAGE

store in or around the home or home garden.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL

Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER HANDLING

Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Completely empty bag into application equipment. Then dispose of empty bag in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

IMPORTANT: READ BEFORE USE

Read the entire Directions for Use, Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability before using this product. If terms are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once.

By using this product, user or buyer accepts the following Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability.

CONDITIONS: The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application, all of which are beyond the control of Bayer CropScience LP. All such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer.

DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES: TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, BAYER CROPSCIENCE LP MAKES NO OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR OTHERWISE, THAT EXTEND BEYOND THE STATEMENTS MADE ON THIS LABEL. No agent of Bayer CropScience LP is authorized to make any warranties beyond those contained herein or to modify the warranties contained herein. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, BAYER CROPSCIENCE LP DISCLAIMS ANY LIABILITY WHATSOEVER FOR SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT.

LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY: TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER FOR ANY AND ALL LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, WARRANTY, TORT, NEGLIGENCE, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE, SHALL NOT EXCEED THE PURCHASE PRICE PAID, OR AT BAYER CROPSCIENCE LP'S ELECTION, THE REPLACEMENT OF PRODUCT.

Bayer (reg'd), the Bayer Cross (reg'd) and Ronstar® are registered trademarks of Bayer.

This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

Bayer

Produced for: **Bayer Environmental Science** A Division of Bayer CropScience LP 5000 CentreGreen Way, Suite 400 Cary, NC 27513 Product of China





#