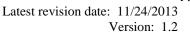
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United States

Material Safety Data Sheet

Miracle-Gro Lawn Products Inc 14111 Scottslawn Road Marysville, Ohio 43041 United States 24 h. EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER CHEMTREC (U.S.) 1-800-424-9300 CHEMTREC (International) 1-703-527-3887 Non-Emergency Calls 1-937-644-0011

MIRACLE-GRO INDOOR PLANT FOOD 1-1-1

1. Product and company identification

MSDS # : 320000005584

2. Hazards identification

Physical state : liquid [Clear solution]

Color : Colorless.
Odor : odorless

Precautionary measures: Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Do not eat, drink or smoke

when using this product. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Wash

thoroughly after handling.

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard

Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Emergency Overview Keep out of reach of children.

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious

effects may be delayed following exposure.

Ingestion : Harmful if swallowed.

Skin : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Eyes : Slightly irritating to the eyes.

Target organs: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs:

eyes

Potential chronic health effects: See section 11 for more information.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Inhalation: No specific data.Ingestion: No specific data.

Skin : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Eyes : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation watering

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redness

Medical conditions aggravated by over-exposure

Pre-existing skin disorders may be aggravated by over-exposure to this

product.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Name	CAS number	%
Phosphoric acid	7664-38-2	>1 - <=3
Potassium hydroxide (K(OH))	1310-58-3	>1 - <=3
Urea	57-13-6	>1 - <=3
Sorbitan, monododecanoate, poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl) derivs.	9005-64-5	>0.5 - <=1

4. First aid measures

Eye contact: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with

plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and

lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.

Skin contact: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least

15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical

attention immediately.

Inhalation : Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular

or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by

trained personnel. Get medical attention immediately.

Ingestion : Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do

so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious

person. Get medical attention immediately.

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be

delayed.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Flammability of the product : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may

burst.

Extinguishing media

Suitable: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Not suitable : None known.

Special exposure hazards: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the

incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal

risk or without suitable training.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and selfcontained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in

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positive pressure mode.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods for cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Storage

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

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Ingredient	Exposure limits
Phosphoric acid	OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01) PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 1 mg/m3 OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01) Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL) 3 mg/m3 OSHA PEL (1993-06-30) PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 1 mg/m3 NIOSH REL (1994-06-01) Time Weighted Average (TWA) 1 mg/m3 NIOSH REL (1994-06-01) Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL) 3 mg/m3 ACGIH TLV (1994-09-01) TLV-TWA: Threshold Limit Value - Time weighted average PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 1 mg/m3 ACGIH TLV (1994-09-01) TLV-STEL: Threshold Limit Value - Short Time Exposure Level 3 mg/m3
Potassium hydroxide (K(OH))	OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01) Threshold Limit Value - Ceiling (TLV-C) 2 mg/m3 NIOSH REL (1994-06-01) Time Weighted Average (TWA) 2 mg/m3 ACGIH TLV (1994-09-01) Threshold Limit Value - Ceiling (TLV-C) 2 mg/m3
Urea	AIHA WEEL (1999-01-01) Time Weighted Average (TWA) 10 mg/m3

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Recommended monitoring procedures

If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Engineering measures

No special ventilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure below any recommended or statutory limits.

Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Personal protection

Respiratory

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure

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levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected

respirator.

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Protective eyewear is not required, but may be used in situations were

contact is expected.

No special protective clothing is required. Skin

Environmental exposure Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection controls

> legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce

emissions to acceptable levels.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Hands

Eyes

Physical state liquid [Clear solution]

Not Applicable Flash point **Burning time** Not Applicable **Auto-ignition temperature** Not Applicable Not Applicable Flammable limits 1.03 g/ml8.6 lb/gal **Density**

Color Colorless. Odor odorless Hα 6.5

Boiling/condensation point Not Applicable Not Applicable Melting/freezing point Relative density Not Applicable Vapor pressure Not Applicable Vapor density Not Applicable Volatility Not Applicable **Odor threshold** Not Applicable Not Applicable **Evaporation rate** Not Applicable Viscosity Not Applicable **Solubility** Solubility in water Not Applicable

10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability The product is stable. No specific data. Conditions to avoid No specific data. **Incompatible materials**

Hazardous decomposition

products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition

products should not be produced.

Possibility of hazardous Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not

reactions occur.

11. Toxicological information

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Validity date***. Version: version Date of issue/Date of revision: Date of previous issue: 06/24/2013 **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name Result Species Dose Exposure

potassium hydroxide LD50 Oral Rat 273 mg/kg - LD50 Oral Rat 8,471 mg/kg -

Conclusion/Summary No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Irritation/Corrosion

Skin Non-irritating

Eyes May cause eye irritation. Respiratory May cause respiratory irritation

Sensitizer

Conclusion/Summary Skin Not sensitizing Respiratory Not sensitizing

Chronic toxicity

Conclusion/Summary No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity

Product/ingredient name Result Species Dose Exposure

Conclusion/Summary No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity

Product/ingredient Result Species Dose Exposure

name

Conclusion/Summary No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary No known significant effects or critical hazards.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Conclusion/Summary : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Persistence/degradability

Conclusion/Summary : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

octanol/water

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

13. Disposal considerations

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Waste disposal Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and

local laws and regulations.

14.Transport information

Regulatory

<u>information UN no. Proper shipping name Class PG* Note</u>

DOT Not Regulated IATA (C) Not Regulated

IATA (P)

IMDG Not Regulated TDG Not Regulated

PG*: Packing group

15. Regulatory information

United States

U.S. Federal regulations : United States - TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification: None of the

components are listed.

United States - TSCA 8(a) - Inventory update rule (IUR): Not

determined

SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances: No products

were found.

SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification: No products were

found.

SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals: No products were found. **SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution - chemical inventory - hazard identification:** Phosphoric acid: Acu Nitric acid ammonium salt (1:1): Fire hazard - flammable, combustible liquid, pyrophoric, Rea Potassium

hydroxide (K(OH)): Acu, Del Urea: Acu, Del

United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 311 - Hazardous substances: Listed Phosphoric acid Potassium hydroxide (K(OH))

Sodium hydroxide (Na(OH))

United States inventory (TSCA

8b)

All components are listed or exempted.

State regulations

Massachusetts : The following components are listed: Phosphoric acid Nitric acid

ammonium salt (1:1) Potassium hydroxide (K(OH))

New York : None of the components are listed.

New Jersey : The following components are listed: Phosphoric acid Nitric acid

ammonium salt (1:1) Potassium hydroxide (K(OH))

Pennsylvania: The following components are listed: Phosphoric acid Nitric acid

ammonium salt (1:1) Potassium hydroxide (K(OH))

California Prop. 65 : Not listed

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International regulations

Canada inventory : All components are listed or exempted.

International lists : Australia inventory (AICS): All components are listed or exempted.

Taiwan inventory (CSNN): Not determined.

Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined.

China inventory (IECSC): All components are listed or exempted.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): All components are listed or

exempted.

Philippines inventory (PICCS): All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory: All components are listed or exempted. **Korea inventory:** All components are listed or exempted.

16.Other information

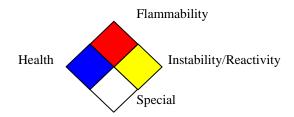
Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.):

Health	1
Flammability	0
Physical hazards	0

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.):



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Date of printing : Print date

Date of issue : Validity date***.

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