

EVERGREEN[®] Pro 60-6 is a multipurpose, broad-spectrum contact insecticide that delivers fast, effective knockdown and kill of insects. EVERGREEN Pro 60-6 is an effective solution to challenging conditions.

- Contains Pyrethrins, a botanical insecticide
- May be tank mixed with other insecticides to excite the insects out of hiding and into contact with the spray solution for a faster, more complete kill
- For use in and around commercial and residential buildings to kill cockroaches, spiders, ants, mites, earwigs, fruits flies and fungus gnats
- For use on livestock, poultry and in their facilities to kill face flies, horn flies, horse flies, house flies, stable flies
- For use on growing crops in greenhouses, ornamentals and stored products

Product Specifications

Signal Word	Caution
Packaging	Pints (12 per case), Quarts (6 per case), Gallons (4 per case)
EPA Registration Number	1021-1770
Food Handling	For use in food and non-food areas
Stability of Undiluted Product	Stable
Stability of Diluted Product	Agitation recommended; not required. If left diluted in tank, make sure to agitate before reuse.
Appearance	Clear, amber-brown colored liquid
Odor	Mild sweet odor
Active Ingredients	Pyrethrins, PBO
Flammability	OSHA – combustible liquid
Mode of Action	Sodium channel modulator – disrupts insects' nervous system
Class of Chemistry	Pyrethrins, insecticide synergists
Respirator Required	Required
Mix or Dilute in	Water only
Activity	Flushes insects from hiding; contact kill
Shelf Life	3 years in original commercial packaging stored at room temperature



Use Areas

Food and Non-Food Areas Bakeries Restaurants Grain elevators Warehouses Homes

Livestock and Poultry Housing

Barns Dairies Milking parlors Milking rooms Poultry houses

Growing Crops in Greenhouses

EVERGREEN Pro 60-6 may be used on most crops because its active ingredients are exempt from tolerances when applied to growing crops.

Ornamental Plants Grown Indoors or Outdoors Flowers Shrubs

Trees Foliage Plants

Post Harvest on Listed Harvested Fruits and Vegetables

On Stored Grain



Method of Application

- Conventional hydraulic sprayers
- Compressed air sprayers
- Irrigation systems (chemigation)

Best Practices when using EVERGREEN[®] Pro 60-6

Buffer the pH of the EVERGREEN spray solution to 5.5–7.0

Application of the spray solution with a pH outside of this range may result in poor performance on target pests.

EVERGREEN is a contact insecticide – good coverage is key

The amount of water used as a carrier has to be sufficient to achieve good coverage and contact target insects.

Tank mix EVERGREEN with other products

EVERGREEN adds quick knockdown and kill, broadspectrum control and resistance management benefits to other insecticide products. EVERGREEN may be combined with other insecticides and acaricides where resistance may be a problem and to provide a flushing of insects from hiding and into contact with other spray residues for quicker and more complete control.

Use as a pre-harvest or a cleanup spray in greenhouses

EVERGREEN can be used where other materials cannot be used because of residue restrictions.

For most situations, start at the "mid" application rate for EVERGREEN

EVERGREEN may be applied in conjunction with other adjuvants

While EVERGREEN should be compatible with most products, conducting a small-scale test to ensure the lack of phytotoxicity of the combination is recommended.

Carefully monitor insect populations and apply when insects are early in their life stage

Monitor your crops closely for the first appearance of insects and treat the insects early before the population gets out of control.

Always read and follow label and SDS directions.

To learn more, visit www.mgk.com, call 1-800-645-6466 or send an e-mail to brands@mgk.com.



Apply EVERGREEN when

target insects are active Apply when the target insects are active to increase the direct contact with the insects and give the highest level of control.

Key Insects Controlled

EVERGREEN Pro 60-6 is labeled for the control of insects, such as: Ants Aphids Apple Maggot Armyworms Artichoke Plume Moth Asparagus Beetle Beet Armyworm Bagworm Bean Beetles Blister Beetles Blow Flies **Biting Flies** Boll Weevil Cabbage Looper Cankerworms Carrot Weevil Caterpillars Clover Mite Clover Weevil Cockroaches 12-spotted Cucumber Beetle Codling Moth Colorado Potato Beetles Corn Earworm Crane Flies Crickets Cross-striped Cabbageworm Cucumber Beetles Deer Fly Deer Tick Earwigs Diamondback Moth Larvae Eastern Tent Caterpillar Elm Leaf Beetle European Corn Borer European Pine Tip Moth Face Fly Fall Webworm Fire Ants **Firebrats** Fireworms Flea Beetles Flies Forest Tent Caterpillar Fungus Gnats Fruit Flies Fruittree Leafroller Grape Leafhopper Grape Leaf Skeletonizer Grasshoppers Green Fruit Worm Green Peach Aphids Greenhouse Thrips Gypsy Moth (adults & larvae)

Harlequin Bug Heliothis sp. Hornets Horn Flv Hornworm Horse Fly House Fly Imported Cabbageworm Indian Meal Moth Imported Cabbageworm Japanese Beetle Katydids Lace Bugs Leafhopper Leafrollers Leaftiers Lice Loopers Lygus Mealy Bugs Mediterranean Flour Moth Mexican Bean Beetle Midges Millipedes Mosquitoes Mushroom Flies Navel Orangeworm **Onion Maggot** Pear Psylla Potato Leafhopper Psyllids **Rice Weevil** Sawtoothed Grain Beetle Silverfish Skippers Sowbugs Stable Fly Stink Bugs Spiders Tabanidae Tarnished Plant Bug Thrips Tomato Hornworm Vinegar Flies Wasps Webworms Whiteflies Yellowjackets



Manufactured by MGK[®]. ©2016 MGK. All rights reserved.