Specimen Label





SPECIALTY HERBICIDE

[®]Trademark of The Dow Chemical Company ("Dow") or an affiliated company of Dow

A preemergence herbicide for control of certain broadleaf weeds in:

- Established Turfgrass
- Landscape Ornamentals
- Container Grown
 Ornamentals
- Field Grown Ornamentals
- Groundcovers/Perennials
- Non-Cropland
- Ornamental Bulbs
- Christmas Tree/Conifer Plantations
- Non-Bearing Fruit and Nut Trees and Non-Bearing Vineyards

	Group	21	HERBICIDE
Active Ingredient:			
	isovahen: N-[3-(1-ethyl-1-methylpropyl)-		

Contains 4.16 lb active ingredient per gallon.

Precautionary Statements

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

EPA Reg. No. 62719-658

Keep Out of Reach of Children CAUTION

Prolonged Or Frequently Repeated Skin Contact May Cause Allergic Reactions In Some Individuals

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Shoes plus socks
- Chemical-resistant gloves

Follow the manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

Environmental Hazards

Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift may result in reduced germination or emergence of non-target plants adjacent to treated area. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment washwaters.

Ground Water Advisory: This pesticide has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in ground water. This chemical may leach into ground water if used in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow.

Surface Water Advisory: This pesticide may impact surface water quality due to runoff of rain water. This is especially true for poorly draining soil and soils with shallow ground water. This product is classified as having a high potential for reaching surface water via runoff for several months or more after application. A level, well-maintained vegetative buffer strip between areas to which this product is applied and surface water features such as ponds, streams, and springs will reduce the potential loading of isoxaben from runoff water and sediment.

Directions for Use

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Read all Directions for Use carefully before applying.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your state or tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical resistant gloves made of any waterproof material
- Shoes plus socks

Non-Agricultural Use Requirements

The requirements of this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Entry Restrictions for Non-WPS Uses: When this product is applied to turf and ornamental plantings in landscape settings and non-cropland areas, do not allow entry into treated areas until sprays have dried unless wearing coveralls, waterproof gloves, and shoes plus socks.

Storage and Disposal

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. **Pesticide Storage:** Store in original container. Do not store in direct sunlight. Do not store at temperatures above 120°F. In case of leak or spill, contain material and dispose as waste.

Pesticide Disposal: Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

Nonrefillable rigid containers 5 gal or less:

Container Handling: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.

Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 psi for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.

Storage and Disposal (Cont.)

Refillable rigid containers larger than 5 gal:

Container Handling: Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container about 10% full with water and, if possible, spray all sides while adding water. If practical, agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for two minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures allowed by state and

Nonrefillable rigid containers larger than 5 gal: Container Handling: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.

Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 psi for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Then offer for recycling if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.

Product Information

Gallery® SC specialty herbicide is a preemergence product for control of certain broadleaf weeds in established turfgrass, landscape ornamentals, container grown ornamentals, field grown ornamentals, groundcovers/perennials, ornamental bulbs, non-bearing fruit and nut trees and non-bearing vineyards, Christmas tree/conifer plantations and non-cropland areas for example, airports, dry non-irrigation ditchbanks, and dry storm water retention areas, utility rights-of-way, industrial sites, military sites, parking lots, roadsides, storage areas, vacant lots and other non-crop residential areas.

It is permissible to treat non-irrigation ditch banks and transitional areas between upland and lowland sites only when dry. Do not apply directly to water. Note: Consult with local water control authorities before applying this product around public water. Permits may be required.

Apply Gallery SC in late summer to early fall, in early spring, or anytime prior to germination of target weeds, or immediately after cultivation. Gallery SC also demonstrates limited early post-emergent control of hairy bittercress (Cardamine hirsuta), and several brassica species such as wild mustard (Sinapsis arvensis), black mustard (Brassica nigra), wild radish (Raphanus raphanistrum) and annual bastardcabbage (Rapistrum rugosum).

Use Precautions

Gallery SC controls weeds germinating from seed. Gallery SC does not control established weeds other than the limited exceptions noted in previous paragraph (hairy bittercress and some brassica species), or weeds growing from stolons, rhizomes, or root pieces. Existing weeds should be controlled by cultivation or with postemergence herbicides. Weed residues, prunings, and trash should be removed or thoroughly mixed into the soil prior to application. Soil in non-turfgrass areas should be in good condition and free of clods at the time of application. Gallery SC is stable on the soil surface for up to 21 days, but must be incorporated by moisture to be effective. A single rainfall or sprinkler irrigation of 0.5 inches or more, or flood irrigation after application, is necessary to activate Gallery SC. If Gallery SC is not activated by rainfall or irrigation within 21 days after application, erratic weed control may result. In non-turfgrass areas, if weeds emerge due to lack of rainfall or irrigation, shallow cultivation to a depth of 1 to 2 inches will incorporate the herbicide and destroy existing weeds.

Treatment of Turfgrass or Ornamental Species Not Listed on

Although this label contains a large number of ornamental species, it is not possible to include all of the ornamental plants that may be encountered in nursery or landscape settings. Users who wish to use Gallery SC on a plant species not listed on this label may determine the suitability for such use by treating a small area or small number of plants at a specified rate. Prior to treatment of larger areas, the treated area/plants should be observed for any sign of herbicidal injury during 30 to 60 days of typical growing conditions. The user assumes the responsibility for any plant damage or other liability resulting from use of Gallery SC on species not listed on this label.

Use Restrictions

Chemigation: Do not apply Gallery SC through any type of irrigation system. Not for sale, distribution or use in New York State.

Do not apply by air.

Do not apply Gallery SC to turfgrass grown for seed.

Weed Resistance Management:

Isoxaben, the active ingredient in this product, is a Group 21 herbicide based on the mode of action classification system of the Weed Science Society of America. Any weed population may contain plants naturally resistant to Group 21 herbicides. Such resistant weed plants may not be effectively managed using Group 21 herbicides but may be effectively managed utilizing another herbicide alone or in mixtures from a different Group and/or by using cultural or mechanical practices. However, an herbicide mode of action classification by itself may not adequately address specific weeds that are resistant to specific herbicides. Consult your local company representative, state cooperative extension service, professional consultants or other qualified authorities to determine appropriate actions for treating specific resistant weeds or to report herbicide failures.

Best Management Practices:

Proactively implementing diversified weed control strategies to minimize selection for weed populations resistant to one or more herbicides is recommended. A diversified weed management program may include the use of multiple herbicides with different modes of action and overlapping weed spectrum with or without tillage operations and/or other cultural practices. Research has demonstrated that using the labeled rate and directions for use is important to delay the selection for resistance. It is recommended to scout for weeds before Gallery SC application for identification and growth stage, and after application to facilitate the early identification of weed shifts and/or weed resistance and thus provide direction on future weed management practices. One of the best ways to contain resistant populations is to implement measures to avoid allowing weeds to reproduce by seed or to proliferate vegetatively. Cleaning equipment between sites and avoiding movement of plant material between sites will greatly aid in retarding the spread of resistant weed seed.

Spray Drift Management:

Spray equipment and weather affect spray drift. Consider all factors when making application decisions.

Where states have more stringent regulations, they must be observed. Avoiding spray drift is the responsibility of the applicator or grower. To reduce the potential for drift, the application equipment must be set to apply medium to course droplets (i.e., ASAE Standard 572) with corresponding spray pressure. Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Follow the nozzle manufacturer's directions on pressure, orientation, spray volume, etc. in order to minimize drift and optimize coverage and control.

Wind: Avoid making applications when spray particles may be carried by air currents to areas where sensitive crops and non-target plants are growing. Do not spray near sensitive plants if wind is gusty, below 2 mph, or in excess of 10 mph and moving in the direction of adjacent areas of sensitive areas. Local terrain may influence wind patterns; the applicator must be familiar with local conditions and understand how they may impact spray drift.

Sensitive Areas: Sensitive areas to this product are defined as bodies of water (ponds, lakes, rivers, streams, and ditches), wetlands, habitats of endangered species, and non-labeled agricultural crop areas. Applicators must take all precautions necessary to keep spray drift from reaching those areas.

Temperature Inversion: A surface temperature inversion (i.e., increasing temperature with increasing altitude) greatly increases the potential for drift. Presence of ground fog is a good indicator of a surface temperature inversion. Do not apply during temperature inversions. Always make applications when there is some air movement to determine the direction and distance of possible spray drift.

Boom Height: Set the boom and make applications at the lowest height that safely permits uniform coverage of the soil and minimizes droplet evaporation. Boom or nozzle shielding can reduce the effects of wind or air currents on drift. Verify that the shields do not interfere with uniform deposition of product prior to application.

Application Directions

Apply Gallery SC with a properly calibrated low pressure herbicide sprayer that provides uniform spray distribution. Nozzle screens should be no finer than 50 mesh (50 mesh is finer than 16 mesh). In-line screens and strainers should be no finer than 16 mesh. Apply Gallery SC in 10 gallons or more of water carrier per acre. As the spray volume decreases, the importance of accurate calibration and uniform application increases. Take precautions to avoid spray drift when applying Gallery SC. Drift may result in reduced germination or emergence of non-target plants adjacent to the treated area. Maintain agitation from mixing through application. Avoid boom overlaps that will increase rates above those specified. Calibrate application equipment prior to use according to manufacturer's directions. Check calibration frequently to be sure equipment is working properly and distributing spray uniformly.

Mixing Directions

Gallery SC - Alone

Check to be sure spray equipment is clean and not contaminated with other herbicides. Using clean water, fill the tank to 1/2 of the final volume required and start agitation. Add the required quantity of Gallery SC to the spray tank, continue agitation and complete filling the tank. Maintain agitation during filling and throughout application. Sparger pipe agitation generally provides the best agitation.

If spraying and agitation is stopped, Gallery SC may settle to the bottom of the spray tank. If settling occurs, material must be re-suspended before continuing spray application. Clean the spray tank, lines and screens thoroughly after use.

Application Rate Conversion Table for Gallery SC

lb ai/A	fl oz per acre	fl oz per 1000 sq ft	mls per 1000 sq ft
0.50	16	0.3	10
0.75	23	0.5	16
1.00	31	0.7	21

Do not repeat applications of 31 fl oz per acre Gallery SC sooner than 60 days after a previous application of Gallery SC. Do not apply more than a total of 124 fl oz/A of Gallery SC per acre within a 12-month period.

Gallery SC - Tank Mix

Gallery SC may be applied in tank mix combination with labeled rates of other products provided (1) the tank mix product is labeled for the crop. timing and method of application for the use site to be treated; (2) tank mixing with Gallery SC is not prohibited by the label of the tank mix product; and (3) the tank mix combination is compatible as determined by a "jar test" described in the Tank Mix Compatibility Testing section below.

Fill the spray tank to 1/4 to 3/4 of the final volume required. Start Agitation. Add different formulation types in the order indicated below, allowing time for complete dispersion and mixing after addition of each product. Allow extra dispersion and mixing time for dry flowable products.

Add different formulation types in the following order:

- (1) Water dispersible granules
- (2) Wettable powders
- (3) Aqueous suspensions (such as Gallery SC)

Maintain agitation and fill spray tank to 3/4 of total spray volume. Then add:

- (4) Emulsifiable concentrates and water-based solutions
- (5) Spray adjuvants, surfactants and oils
- (6) Foliar fertilizers

Agitate continuously until each product is completely dispersed in water, and add water to the final volume. Maintain agitation during filling and through application. If a buildup of materials is observed on the walls of the spray tank, wash the tank with soapy water between fillings, rinse and then continue the spraying operation. Follow label directions for each material added to the tank. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Premixing: Dry and flowable formulations may be premixed with water (slurried) and added to the spray tank through a 20 to 35 mesh screen. This procedure assures good initial dispersion of these formulation types.

Tank Mix Compatibility Testing: A jar test is recommended prior to tank mixing to ensure compatibility of Gallery SC and other pesticides. Use a clear glass quart jar with lid and mix the tank mix ingredients in their

relative proportions. Invert the jar containing the mixture several times and observe the mixture for approximately 1/2 hour. If the mixture balls-up, forms flakes, sludges, jels, oily films or layers, or other precipitates, it is not compatible and the tank mix combination should not be used.

Weeds Controlled or Suppressed

Weeds controlled when applied at 16 fl oz per acre (0.3 fl oz or 10 mls per 1000 sq ft):

Common Name

aster, slender bursage, annual burweed, lawn celery, wild chickweed, common

clover, white cudweed, purple fiddleneck, coast filaree, redstem

fleabane, blackleaved fleabane, dwarf groundcherry, lanceleaf

Henbit

knotweed, prostrate lambsquarters, common mallow, little mustard, Indian

mustard, wild nightshade, black pepperweed, Virginia

pigweed pineappleweed plantain, slender purslane, common radish, wild ragweed, common rocket, London shepherd's-purse

sibara smartweed, Pennsylvania sowthistle, annual speedwell, purslane telegraphplant

Scientific Name

Symphyotrichum divaricatum Ámbrosia acanthicarpa

Soliva sessilis

Cyclospermum leptophyllum

Stellaria media Trifolium repens

Gnaphalium purpureum

Amsinckia menziesii var. intermedia

Erodium cicutarium Conyza bonariensis Convza ramosissima Physalis angulata Lamium amplexicaule Polygonum aviculare Chenopodium album Malva parviflora Brassica juncea Sinapis arvensis Solanum nigrum Lepidium virginicum Amaranthus spp. Matricaria discoidea Plantago heterophylla

Portulaca oleracea Raphanus raphanistrum Ambrosia artemisiifolia Sisymbrium irio

Capsella bursa-pastoris Sibara virginica

Polygonum pensylvanicum Sonchus oleraceus Veronica peregrina Heterotheca grandiflora

Salsola tragus

Weeds controlled when applied at 23 fl oz per acre (0.5 fl oz or 16 mls per 1000 sq ft):

Common Name

thistle, Russian

aster, heath bittercress, little bittercress, hairy brassbuttons, southern carrot, wild chamber-bitter

chickweed, mouseear dandelion

eclipta galinsoga, hairy geranium, Carolina horseweed (or marestail) ladysthumb lespedeza, Japanese lettuce, prickly

mallow, common mayweed, chamomile morningglory, ivyleaf mustard, black pennywort plantain, bracted plantain, broadleaf plantain, buckhorn pokeweed, common

rockpurslane, redmaids sida, prickly sorrell, red speedwell, thymeleaf

spurge, hyssop spurge, spotted sweetclover, yellow tansymustard, green woodsorrel, yellow

Scientific Name

Symphyotrichum ericoides Cardamine oligosperma Cardamine hirsuta Cotula australis Daucus carota

Cerastium fontanum ssp. vulgare

Phyllanthus urinaria Taraxacum officinale Eclipta prostrata Galinsoga quadriradiata Geranium carolinianum Conyza canadensis Polygonum persicaria Lespedeza striata Lactuca serriola Malva neglecta Anthemis cotula Ipomoea hederacea Brassica nigra Hydrocotyle spp. Plantago aristata Plantago major Plantago lanceolata

Phytolacca americana Calandrinia ciliata Sida spinosa Rumex acetosella Veronica serpyllifolia Chamaesyce hyssopifolia Chamaesyce maculata Melilotus officinalis

Descurainia pinnata ssp. brachycarpa

Oxalis stricta

Weeds Controlled or Suppressed (Cont.)

Weeds controlled when applied at 31 fl oz per acre (0.7 fl oz or 21 mls per 1000 sq ft):

Common Name burclover, California

dogfennel eveningprimrose fescue, rattail filaree, whitestem goosefoot, nettleleaf groundsel, common iimsonweed

knotweed, silversheath

knotweed, silvershe kochia medic, black mullein, turkey nettle, burning oxtongue, bristly parthenium weed pimpernel, scarlet sowthistle, spiny spurge, petty

spurge, prostrate

sunflower

swinecress thistle, musk willoweed, panicle woodsorrel, creeping Erodium moschatum Chenopodium murale Senecio vulgaris Datura stramonium Polygonum argyrocoleon

Scientific Name

Oenothera spp.

Vulpia myuros

Medicago polymorpha

Eupatorium capillifolium

Kochia scoparia Medicago lupulina Croton setigerus Urtica urens Picris echioides

Parthenium hysterophorus

Anagallis arvensis Sonchus asper Euphorbia peplus Chamaesyce humistrata Helianthus spp. Coronopus didymus Carduus nutans

Epilobium brachycarpum Oxalis corniculata

Weeds partially controlled or suppressed when applied at 31 fl oz per acre (0.7 fl oz or 21 mls per 1000 sq ft):

Common Name bindweed, field carpetweed dock, curly mallow, Venice milkweed, honeyvine morningglory, tall pusley, Florida **Scientific Name**

Convolvulus arvensis Mollugo verticillata Rumex crispus Hibiscus trionum Cynanchum laeve Ipomoea purpurea Richardia scabra

Uses

Established Turfgrass

Use Gallery SC as a preemergence treatment for control of certain broadleaf weeds in established cool season and warm season turfgrass.

Apply Gallery SC anytime prior to germination of target weeds.

Do not repeat applications of 31 fl oz per acre Gallery SC sooner than 60 days after a previous application of Gallery SC. Do not apply more than a total of 124 fl oz/A of Gallery SC per acre within a 12-month period.

Note: Refer to the Product Information section of this label for use precautions and restrictions and information on mixing and application, application rates, and weeds controlled prior to using this product.

Tank Mixing

Gallery SC may be tank mixed with Dimension® herbicide and applied as a preemergence treatment to broaden the spectrum of annual grass and broadleaf weed control. Gallery SC may also be applied as a separate treatment to supplement the effectiveness of Team® 2G herbicide in cool and warm season turfgrass. Gallery SC may be tank mixed with post emergence broadleaf herbicides registered for use on established turfgrass to control existing broadleaf weeds to provide residual preemergence broadleaf weed control. Applied as directed, Gallery SC in tank mix with other products registered for use on turfgrass will provide control of susceptible weed species listed on the respective labels. When using Gallery SC in tank mix combinations with other products, read and follow all applicable use directions, precautions, and limitations on the respective product labels. Refer to tank mix instructions for Gallery SC in the Mixing Directions section. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture

Specific Use Restrictions:

Apply Gallery SC to newly seeded turfgrass (including overseeded turfgrass) **only** after seedlings are established (three leaf stage and tillering) and well rooted. Do not overseed established turfgrass sooner than 60 days following an application of Gallery SC.

- Do not apply Gallery SC to golf course putting greens.
- Do not apply Gallery SC to dichondra.
- Do not apply Gallery SC to turfgrass grown for seed.

Use Gallery SC on the following turfgrass species:

Common Name Scientific Name

Established Cool Season Turfgrass

bentgrass, creeping Agrostis stolonifera
bentgrass, colonial Agrostis tenuis
bluegrass, Kentucky Poa pratensis

fescue, chewing Festuca rubra var. commutata

fescue, creeping red
fescue, sheeps
fescue, tall
ryegrass, perennial

Festuca rubra
Festuca ovina
Festuca arundinaceae
Lolium perenne

Established Warm Season Turfgrass¹

bahiagrass Paspalum notatum
bermudagrass Cynodon dactylon
buffalograss Buchloe dactyloides
centipedegrass Eremochloa ophiuroides
fescue, tall (growing in warm Festuca arundinaceae

season areas)
Seashore paspalum
St. Augustinegrass
Stenotaphrum secundatum

zoysiagrass Zoysia japonica zoysiagrass Zoysia tenuifolia

¹Sprigged Warm Season Turfgrass: Use Gallery SC post-sprigging as a preemergence treatment for control of certain broadleaf weeds in warm season turfgrass. Apply anytime after sprigging in the following turfgrass species: bermudagrass, bahiagrass, St. Augustinegrass, centipedegrass and buffalograss. Do not apply more than 23 fl oz of Gallery SC per acre during the establishment phase for newly sprigged warm season turfgrass. Do not apply Gallery SC to varieties of dwarf-type bermudagrass or to any turfgrass species being sprigged on golf course tees or greens.

Ornamental Plantings, Non-Bearing Fruit and Nut Trees and Non-Bearing Vineyards

Use Gallery SC as a preemergence treatment for control of certain broadleaf weeds in landscape ornamentals, container grown ornamentals, field grown ornamentals, groundcovers/perennials, non-bearing fruit and nut trees and non-bearing vineyards.

Apply Gallery SC anytime prior to germination of target weeds or immediately after cultivation.

For non-Bearing Fruit and Nut Trees and Non-Bearing Vineyards, make a single application prior to germination of target weeds or immediately after cultivation. Application is to be made in a minimum of 10 gal/A. Do not exceed 1.0 lb ai/A/yr.

Non-bearing means trees or vines where nuts and/or fruit are not harvested for food within one year of treatment.

Note: Refer to the Product Information section of this label for use precautions and restrictions and information on mixing and application, application rates, and weeds controlled prior to using this product.

Tank Mixing

Gallery SC may be tank mixed with Accord XRT II or other postemergence herbicides registered for control of existing unwanted vegetation in labeled use sites and recommended crops to provide residual preemergence broadleaf weed control. Gallery SC may also be tank mixed with Dimension and applied preemergence to provide broad spectrum control of annual grasses and broadleaf weeds in ornamental areas and non-bearing fruit and nut trees and non-bearing vineyards and other use sites where both products are labeled. Applied as directed, tank mixes of Gallery SC will provide control of susceptible weed species listed on the respective labels. When using Gallery SC in tank mix combination with other products, read and follow all applicable use directions, precautions, tolerant species listings and limitations on the respective product labels. Refer to tank mix instructions for Gallery SC in the Mixing Directions section. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Note: Do not apply sprays containing Accord XRT II, glyphosate or other non-selective herbicides over the top of ornamental plants. Extreme care must be exercised to prevent contact of sprays containing glyphosate with foliage or stems of turfgrass, trees, shrubs, or other desirable vegetation since severe damage or death may result. If spraying glyphosate in areas adjacent to desirable plants, use a shield to prevent spray from contacting foliage or stems of desirable plants.

Specific Use Precautions:

Injury may be incurred if Gallery SC is applied in the following manner. Grower assumes all risk if Gallery SC is applied to:

- Nursery, forest, or Christmas tree seedling beds, cutting beds, or transplant beds
- Unrooted liners or cuttings that have been planted in pots for the first time
- Pots less than six inches wide
- Groundcovers until they are established and well rooted
- Bedding plants or areas where bedding plants will be planted or transplanted within one year after application

Applications of Gallery SC over the top of plants with newly forming buds may cause injury. Possible plant injury may be avoided by application as a directed spray to the soil surface beneath ornamental plants.

When planting into a site treated with Gallery SC in the past 8 months, use untreated soil as fill around roots when replacing plants or injury may occur.

Specific Use Restrictions:

Do not apply Gallery SC to newly transplanted ornamentals, nursery stock, groundcovers, non-bearing fruit and nut trees, non-bearing vineyards or ornamental bulbs, until soil or potting media has been settled by packing and irrigation or rainfall and no cracks are present or plant injury may occur.

Note: Injury to certain ornamental plants has been observed following application of Gallery SC. To avoid plant injury, do not use Gallery SC for weed control in the following ornamental plant species:

Scientific Name	Common Name
Ajuga spp.	bugleweed or ajuga
Brassica spp.	mustard
Echinacea purpurea	purple coneflower
Euonymus alatus 'Compacta'	dwarf burning bush
Euphorbia spp.	spurge
Hydrangea spp. (those cultivars not listed as tolerant on this label)	hydrangea
Iberis spp.	candytuft
Juniperus horizontalis 'Prince of Wales'	Prince of Wales juniper
Melaleuca quinquenervia	cajeput tree
Rhododendron caroliniaum	Carolina rhododendron
Rhododendron catawbiense 'Roseum elegans'	roseum elegans rhododendron
Sedum spp. (those cultivars not listed as tolerant on this label)	stonecrop

green yucca

Gallery SC may be used in the culture of the following established plant species: (Note: Limitations on treatment methods)

Yucca recurvifolia

Trees

Scientific Name	Common Name	Treatment Method ¹
Abies balsamea	balsam fir	C, F
Abies concolor	white or concolor fir	5, . F
Abutilon hybridum	albus-flowering maple	C, F
A Suction Try Structure	luteus-flowering maple	C, F
	roseus-flowering maple	C, F
	tangerine-flowering maple	C, F
	vesuvius red-flowering maple	F
Acer ginnala	flame maple	F
Acer rubrum	red maple	F
Acertubium	red sunset maple	F
Acer saccharinum	silver maple	C, F
		C, F
Acoelorrhaphe whrightii	Everglades palm silk tree	C, F
Albizia julibrissin Alsophila australis	Australian tree fern	C, F
		C, F
Archontophoenix cunninghamiana	king palm	
Areacastrum romanzoffianum	queen palm	C, F
Araucaria heterophylla	Norfolk island pine	C, F
Bauhinia galpinii	red bauhinia	C, F C, F
Betula nigra	river birch	С, F F
Betula papyrifera	paper birch	=
Betula pendula	European white birch	C, F
Brachychiton populneus	bottle tree	C, F F
Bucida buceras	black olive	C, F
Butia capitata	Blue pindo palm	С, F F
Ceratonia siliqua	carob redbud	C, F
Cercis canadensis	filicoides-fernspray cypress	C, F F
Chamaecyparis obtusa		F
Chamacaunaria nigifora	gracilis-slender hinoki cypress	F
Chamaecyparis pisifera	sawara-false cypress	F
Chamaedorea cataractarum	squarrosa-moss cypress cat palm	F
Criamaedorea Cataractarum	•	C, F
Chamaedorea costaricana	palm palm	C, F
Chamaedorea elegans	parlor palm	C, F
Chamaerops humilis	Mediterranean fan palm	C, F
Chamaerops namins Chitalpa tashkentensis	Pink dawn chitalpa tree	C, F
Cornus florida	cloud nine dogwood	C, F
Corrus nonda	flowering dogwood	C, F
Cornus kousa	kousa dogwood	C, F
Crataegus viridis	green hawthorn	F
Cryptomeria japonica	Japanese cryptomeria	C, F
Cupaniopsis anacardioides	carrot wood	F.
Cupressus arizonicus or glabra	Arizona cypress	F
Cupressus ariz 'Blue Pyramid'	blue pyramid cypress	C, F
Cupressocyparis leylandii 'Emerald Isle'	emerald isle leyland cypress	C, F
Cupressocyparis leylandii 'Emeraid isle' Cupressocyparis leylandii 'Naylor's Blue'	Naylor's blue leyland cypress	C, F
Cupressus sempervirens	Italian cypress	C, F
Cupressus sempervirens 'Glauca'	glauca Italian cypress	C, F
Cycas revoluta	sago palm	C, F
Elaeagnus angustifolia	Russian olive	C, F
Elaeagnus x ebbengei 'Gilt edge'	gilt edge elaegnus	C, F
Eucalyptus camaldulensis	red gum eucalyptus	F.
Lucaryptus camaruniensis	red guin eddalyptus	1

Trees (Cont.)

Scientific Name Eucalyptus cinerea

Eucalyptus microtheca Eucalyptus sideroxylon Fagus sylvatica Ficus benjamina

Fraxinus udhei Ginkao biloba Gleditsia triacanthos var. inermis Gleditsia triacanthos var. inermis Heteromeles arbutiflora Illicium floridanum

Leptospermum scoparium Liquidambar styraciflua Magnolia grandiflora

Juniperus virginiana

Magnolia soulangeana Magnolia stellata Malus sargentii Morus alba Musa aluminata Oxydendrum arboreum Picea abies

Picea glauca Picea glauca 'Conica' Picea pungens Picea pungens 'Glauca' Picea pungens 'Hoopsia' Picea pungens 'Koster' Pinus aristata Pinus canariensis Pinus contorta Pinus eldarica Pinus leucodermis Pinus mugo var. pumilio Pinus nigra Pinus ponderosa Pinus radiata Pinus strobus

Pinus sylvestris

Pinus thunbergii Platanus occidentalis Platanus racemosa Podocarpus spp. Podocarpus henkelii Populus deltoides Prosopis chilensis Prunus yedoensis Prunus caroliniana

Prunus laurocerasus Quercus ilicifolia Quercus laurefolia Quercus palustris Quercus phellos Quercus rubra Quercus shumardii Quercus virginiana Ravenea rivularis Salix babylonica

Salix matsudana 'Torulosa' Sequoiadendron giganteum Sequoia sempervirens Swietenia mahogani Syagrus romanzoffianum Tabebuia caraiba Taxodium distichum Trachycarpus fortunei

Common Name

mealy eucalyptus silver dollar eucalyptus coolibah tree red ironbark eucalyptus

European beech ficus mini ficus shamel ash

ginkgo (maidenhair tree) thornless honeylocust shademaster honeylocust

toyon

Florida anise-tree eastern redcedar New Zealand tea tree

ruby glow New Zealand tea tree American sweetgum D. D. Blanchard magnolia southern magnolia

saucer magnolia royal star magnolia crabapple non-bearing white mulberry banana sourwood

pendula-weeping Norway spruce repens-spreading Norway spruce

Norway spruce white spruce dwarf alberta spruce Colorado spruce Colorado blue spruce hoopsi blue spruce koster blue spruce bristlecone pine canary Island pine shore pine, beach pine

eldarica pine Bosnian pine pumilio mugo pine Austrian black pine Ponderosa pine monterey pine eastern white pine

white pine

columnar Scotch pine Scotch pine

Japanese black pine American sycamore California sycamore podocarpus long leafed yellowwood

cottonwood Chilean mesquite voshino flowering cherry Carolina laurel cherry

bright 'n tight Carolina laurel cherry

English laurel bear oak laurel oak pin oak willow oak red oak shumard oak live oak majesty palm

Babylon weeping willow corkscrew willow giant sequoia coast redwood

6

queen palm yellow tab bald cypress windmill palm

mahogany

Treatment Method¹

C, F F C, F C, F C, F F F F

C, F C, F F C, F C, F C, F C, F C, F

C, F C, F C, F C, F C, F C, F F F F F

F . F C, F F C, F C, F C, F C, F C, F F C, F C, F C, F C, F F F

Specimen Label Revised 08-16-18

C, F

C, F

C, F C, F

F

Trees (Cont.)

Scientific Name Tsuga canadensis Ulmus parvifolia Washingtonia robusta Washingtonia robusta Zamia furfuracea

¹C=container grown, F=field grown

Shrubs

Scientific Name Abelia x grandiflora

Acacia abyssinica Acacia redolens Acacia stenophylla Acalypha wilkesiana Acer ginnala Acer palmatum Acer palmatum Amelanchier alnifolia Andromeda polifolia Anisodontea hypomandarum Arctostaphlos uva-ursi Ardisia japonica Armeria maritima 'Bloodstone' Artemesia lactiflora Athyrium nipponimcum Aucuba japonica 'Goldstrike' Baccharis pilularis Berberis x gladwynensii Berberis mentorensis Berberis thunbergii 'Aurea' Berberis thunbergii var. atropurpurea 'Crimson Pygmy' Berberis thunbergii var. atropurpurea 'Rose Glow Berberis thunbergii var. atropurpurea

Berberis thunbergii var. atropurpurea 'Cherry Bomb'

Bougainvillea 'Purple Queen' Bougainvillea 'Rosenka' Buxus microphylla var. japonica 'Green Beauty' Buxus microphylla var. japonica Buxus microphylla var. Koreana

Bougainvillea spp.

Buxus x 'Green velvet' Callistemon citrinus

Callistomen citrinus 'Little John'

Callistemon viminalis Calluna vulgaris Camellia japonica Caryopteris clandonensis

Buxus sempervirens

Caryopteris x clandonen 'Blk night'

Cassia artemisioides Cassis, eremophila Ceanothus spp.

Cephalotaxus harringtonia var. drupacae

Cerastium tomentosum Ceratostigma plumbaginoides Ceratosigma willmottianum Chaenomeles japonica Chamaecyparis obtusa

Chamaecyparis pisifera

Chrysalidocarpus lutescens Clethra alnifolia Cleyera japonica Colonema pulchrum Convolvus cneorum Convolvulus mauritanicus

Common Name

eastern hemlock Chinese elm California fan palm Mexican fan palm cardboard palm

Common Name

Edward goucher abelia alossy abelia sunrise variegated abelia abyssinica acacia prostrate acacia shoestring acacia copper leaf amur maple coral bark Japanese maple dwarf Japanese maple Saskatoon serviceberry bog rosemary cape mallow

bearberry chirimen marlberry bloodstone sea thrift white mugwort Japanese painted fern Japanese laurel . coyotebush William Penn barberry mentor barberry

golden Japanese barberry crimson pygmy barberry rose glow red barberry redleaf Japanese barberry cherry bomb barberry Barbara karst California gold

pink pixie scarlet o'hara temple fire Texas dawn purple queen bougainvillea

rosenka bougainvillea green beauty boxwood Japanese littleleaf boxwood Korean boxwood common boxwood green velvet boxwood lemon bottlebrush little John lemon bottlebrush weeping bottlebrush

spring torch Scotch heather camellia blue mist bluebeard dark knight bluebeard feathery cassia senna

wild lilac

Japanese plum yew snow-in-summer dwarf plumbago Chinese plumbago orange flowering quince kosteri cypress

nana-dwarf hinoki cypress torulosa cypress baileyi-dogwood flaviramea-dogwood sawara-false cypress

squarrosa minima cypress filifera-thread cypress areca palm summersweet Japanese cleyera

pink breath of heaven bush morning glory ground morningglory

7

Treatment Method¹ C, F C, F

Treatment Method¹

F

C, F C, F F . C, F C, F F C, F F F C, F C, F

C, F F F F C, F C, F C, F C, F C, F C, F

Specimen Label Revised 08-16-18

Shrubs (Cont.) Scientific Name **Common Name** Treatment Method¹ Cornus alba sibirica-Siberian dogwood baileyi redosier dogwood Cornus sericea flaviramea yellowtwig dogwood Corylus americanus 'Contorta' Harry Lauder's walking stick Cotinus coggygria royal purple smoke tree Cotinus coggygria obovatus Grace smoke tree coral beauty smoke tree Cotinus dammeri eichholz smoke tree Cotoneaster adpressus praecox-early cotoneaster Cotoneaster apiculatus cranberry cotoneaster Pyrenees cotoneaster Cotoneaster congestus Cotoneaster dammeri bearberry cotoneaster Cotoneaster himalayan Himalayan cotoneaster Cotoneaster horizontalis rock cotoneaster Cycas revoluta sago palm Cyrtomium fortunei holly fern hollandia-warminster broom Cytisus praecox Cytisus scoparius lena-Scotch broom Cytisus spp. holandia-Scotch broom allgold warminster broom lilac time broom Dalea greggii trailing indigo bush Daphne cneorum rose daphne Daphne odora fragrant daphne C, F C, F Deutzia crenata nakiana-dwarf deutzia Deutzia gracilis slender gracilis hopseed bush Dodonea viscosa Enkianthus companulatus red-veined enkianthus Elaeagnus pungens fruitland silver berry Erica cinerea purple bell heather Erica vagans cornish heather Erica x ďarleyensa Mediterranean pink heather Escallonia spp. escallonia Escallonia x exoniensis Fradesi pink princess escallonia Eugenia myritifolia teenie genie brushcherry Eugenia myrtifolia 'Globulus' dwarf brush cherry Euonymus fortunei canadale gold euonymus Emerald gaiety wintercreeper emerald in gold euonymus sunspot euonymus Euonymus japonicus silver king euonymus chollipo euonymus gold spot euonymus silver princess euonymus variegated evergreen euonymus Euonymus kiatschovicus spreading euonymus Manhattan euonymus Euonymus kiatschovicus 'Manhattan' bigleaf wintercreeper Euonymus vegetus Fatsia japonica Japanese aralia Felicia amelloides blue marquerite Forsythia x intermedia border forsythia Forsythia ovate x F. europae meadowlark forsythia Forsythia x 'Spring glory Fuchsia x "Santa Claus' spring glory forsythia Santa Claus fuchsia Gardenia jasminoides August beauty gardenia dwarf gardenia miniature gardenia radican gardenia Gaultheria procumbens wintergreen Gaultheria shallon salal/lemon leaf Gelsemium sempervirens Carolina jessamine Genista pilosa woadwaxen Hamamelis virginiana common witch hazel Hardenbergia violacea lilac vine Hebe buxifolia boxleaf hebe C, F C, F F C, F Hibiscus rosa-sinensis ross estey-hibiscus Hibiscus syriacus red bird rose of sharon red heart rose of sharon woodbridge rose of sharon C, F F F Hydrangea quercifolia 'Alice' oakleaf hydrangea Balkans English holly Ilex aquifolium gold coast English holly San Jose holly C, F C, F Ilex x aquipernyi

C, F

foster holly

Savannah holly

cassine holly

llex x attenuata

Ilex cassine

Shrubs (Cont.)		
Scientific Name	Common Name	Treatment Method ¹
llex cornuta	burford holly	C, F
	dwarf burford holly	C, F
	needlepoint holly	C, F
	carissa holly	C F
	Chinese holly	C. F
llex crenata	compacta-dwarf Japanese holly	C, F
	convexa holly	C, F
	dwarf Chinese holly	Ć, F
	green luster holly	C, F
	helleri-heller's Japanese holly	C, F
	hetzii's Japanese holly	C, F
	Sky pencil	C, F
llex crenata 'Steeds'	steeds Japanese holly	C, F
	stokesii Japanese holly	C, F
llex glabra	compacta-compact inkberry holly	C, F C, F C, F C, F
llex glabra	nordica-inkberry holly	C, F
llex x meserveae	blue boy holly	C, F
	blue girl holly	G, F
	Blue prince or princess holly	C, F
	China boy holly	C, F
	China girl holly	C, F F
Harris (Nallia Charrana)	ebony magic holly	C, F
llex x 'Nellie Stevens'	Nellie R. Stevens holly	C, F
llex opaca	American holly	C, F
llex vomitoria	nana-dwarf yaupon holly	0, F
	pendula-weeping yaupon holly	C, F C, F C, F
Illicium annisatum	yaupon holly mystery gardenia	C, F C, F
Illea virginica	Henry's garnet sweetspire	C, F
lxora collinea	ixora	C, F
Juniperus chinensis 'Gold Coast'	gold coast juniper	C, F
Juniperus chinensis dola coast	hollywood juniper	C, F
dariiperas criinerisis	media-old gold juniper	C, F
	pfitzer juniper	C, F
	pfitzer jamper pfitzerana glauca-blue juniper	C, F
	pfitzerana-pfitzer juniper	О, F
	sea green juniper	F .
	torulosa-hollywood juniper	С, F
Juniperus conferta	emerald sea shore juniper	C, F
oumporus comorta	shore juniper	C. F
Juniperus davurica	parsonii juniper	C, F C, F
Juniperus horizontalis	andorra juniper	C. F
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	bar harbor juniper	C, F
	blue chip juniper	C, F
	blue rug juniper	C, F
	creeping juniper	C, F C, F
	dwarf andorra juniper	C, F
	huntington blue juniper	C, F
	plumosa-andorra juniper	C, F
	wiltonii-blue carpet juniper	C, F
Juniperus procumbens	nana-dwarf Japanese garden juniper	C, F C, F
Juniperus prostrata	prostrata juniper	C, F
Juniperus sabina	broadmoor juniper	C, F
	foemina-hicks juniper	C, F
	savin juniper	C, F
	tamariscifolia-tam juniper	Ć, F F
Juniperus scopulorum	emerald green juniper	F .
	wichita blue juniper	C, F
Juniperus squamata	blue juniper	C, F
	blue star juniper	G, F G, F G, F
lunin avua vivainiana	parsonii juniper	0, F
Juniperus virginiana	grey owl juniper	C, F C, F
Kalmia latifolia	mountain laurel	C, F C, F
Lagerstroemia indica Leucophyllum frutescens	crape myrtle Texas sage	C, F
Leucophyllum laevigatum	chihuahan sage	C F
Leucothoe axillaris	coast leucothoe	C, F C, F
Leucothoe fontanesiana	drooping leucothoe	C F
Ligustrum japonicum	Japanese privet	C, F C, F C, F
_g_stan japonoani	wax privet	C F
	yellow tip privet	0, 1 C, F
Ligustrum lucidum	glossy privet	C F
Ligustrum ovalifolium	California privet	C, F F
Ligustrum texanum	Howard privet	С, F
J	wax leaf privet	C, F
Ligustrum x vicaryi	golden vicary privet	F .
Ligustrum vulgare 'Lodense'	lodense common privet	C, F
Livistona chinensis	Chinese fountain palm	F
	·· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Shrubs (Cont.)		
Scientific Name	Common Name	Treatment Method ¹
Lonicera fragrantissima	winter honeysuckle	C, F
Lonicera periclymenum	flowering woodbine	C, F
,	serotina woodbine	C, F
Lonicera sempervirens	trumpet honeysuckle	C, F
Lorpetalum chinense	sizzling pink fringe flower	C, F
Loropetalum chinense var. rubrum 'Razzlebern'	razzleberri fringe flower	C, F
Mahonia aquifolium 'Compactum'	dwarf Oregon hollygrape mahonia	C. F
Mahonia bealei	leather leaf mahonia	C, F
Mahonia repens	creeping mahonia	C, F
Mandevilla splendens 'Red Riding Hood'	red riding hood mandevilla	F
Metrosideros collina	springfire lehua	C, F
Michelia figo	banana shrub	C, F
Myrica cerifera	southern waxmyrtle	C, F
Myrica pennsylvanica	bayberry	C, F
Myoporum parvifolium	putah creek	C, F
Nandina domestica	compacta-dwarf heavenly bamboo	C, F
	harbour dwarf-heavenly bamboo	C, F
	heavenly bamboo (nandina)	C, F
	nana compacta-heavenly bamboo	C, F
	nana purpurea-heavenly bamboo	C, F
	woods dwarf-heavenly bamboo	C, F
Nerium oleander	hardy red oleander	C, F
	oleander	C, F
	ruby lace oleander	C, F
Osmanthus x fortunei	fortune's osmanthus	C, F
Osmathus fragrans	sweet olive osmanthus	C, F
Pennisetum setaceum 'Rubrum'	purple fountain grass	C, F
Phoenix roebelenii	pigmy date palm	C, F
Photinia x fraseri	fraser photinia	C, F
Physocarpus opulifolius	dwarf ninebark	C, F
Pieris japonica	lily-of-the-valley	C, F
	mountain fire lily-of-the-valley	C, F
	snowdrift lily-of-the-valley	C, F
	temple bells lily-of-the-valley	C, F
	valley rose lily-of-the-valley	C, F
	valley valentine lily-of-the-valley	C, F
Pieris x 'Forest Flame'	forest flame lily-of-the-valley	C, F
Pinus mugo var. mugo	mugo pine	C, F
Pittosporum tenufolia 'Golf Ball'	golf ball pittosporum	C, F
Pittosporum tobira	green pittosporum	C, F
	wheeler's dwarf pittosporum	C, F
Plumbago ariculata	blue cape plumbago	F -
Plumbago capensis	plumbago	C, F
Podocarpus macrophyllus	yewpine	C, F
Polygala fructicosa	sweet pea shrub	C, F
Polystichum polyblepharum	tassel fern	C, F
Potentilla fragiformis	cinquefoil	F
Potentilla fruticosa	cinquefoil	C, F
	floppy disc cinquefoil	C, F
	gold drop pontentilla	C, F
	goldfinger potentilla red ace potentilla	С, F С, F
	sunset potentilla	О, F С, F
	tangerine potentilla	C, F
Potentilla spp.	cinquefoil	0, 1
Potentilla verna	spring cinquefoil	C, F
Prunus glandulosa	dwarf flowering almond	C, F
Prunus laurocerasus 'Otto luykens'	otto luykens English laurel	C, F
Prunus x yedoensis	Yoshino cherry	C, F
Psidium cattleianum	strawberry guava	C, F
Pyracantha coccinea 'Lalandei'	lalandei firethorn	C, F
Pyracantha fortuneana	lolendei monrovia pyracantha	C, F
r yradanina rortandana	monon pyracantha	5,. F
	red elf hybrid pyrcantha	F
	rutgers hybrid pyracantha	C, F
	Santa Cruz pyracantha	C, F
	victory pyracantha	F.
Rhaphiolepis indica	charisma-monruce rhaphiolepis	C, F
•	enchantress-moness rhaphiolepis	F
	rhaphiolepsis (India hawthorn)	C, F
	Snow Indian hawthorne	C, F
	springtime-Monme rhaphiolepis	F
Rhaphiolepsis indica 'Ballerina'	ballerina Indian hawthorn	C, F
Rhaphiolepis ovata	roundleaf rhaphiolepis	C, F
Rhododendron calendulaceum	cannon's double azalea	C, F
	flame azalea	F
	golden flare azalea	C, F
	Klondike azalea	C, F

Shrubs (Cont.)		
Scientific Name	Common Name	Treatment Method ¹
Rhododendron campylocarpum	butterfly rhododendron	F
Rhododendron carolinianum x daurium	PJM rhododendron	C, F
Rhododendron catawbiense	catawba album rhododendron	C, F
	catawba rhododendron	C, F C, F
	Lord Roberts rhododendron	C, F
District design of the second	rocket rhododendron	C, F
Rhododendron caucasium x ponticum Rhododendron exbury	cunningham white rhododendron cannon's double azalea	C, F C, F C, F C, F
Rhododenaron exbury	golden flare azalea	C, F
	Klondike azalea	C F
Rhododendron forrestii repens	gomer waterer rhododendron	C. F
Rhododendron forrestii x griersonianum	Elizabeth rhododendron	C, F C, F
Rhododendron griffithianum	Jean Marie rhododendron	C, F
Rhododendron impeditum	rhododendron	C, F C, F
Rhododendron indicum	Brilliant azalea	C, F
	formosa azalea	C, F
	Mrs. G.G. Gerbing azalea	C, F
	pride of Mobile azalea	G, F
Rhododendron kaempferi	waucabusa azalea blue danube azalea	C, F C, F C, F C, F C, F C, F C, F C, F
Rhododendron kerume	coral bells azalea	C F
Tinododenaron kerame	hino crimson azalea	C F
	hino pink azalea	C. F
	Mildred azalea	C, F
	snow azalea	C, F C, F
Rhododendron maximum	rhodie max (rosebay)	C, F F
Rhododendron mucronulatum	rhododendron	F _
Rhododendron obtusum	Coral bells azalea	C, F
Dha da da malasa na amtia uma	hino crimsom azalea	C, F C, F C, F C, F
Rhododendron ponticum	chioniodes rhododendron daphinoides rhododendron	C, F
Rhododendron racemosum	dwarf scarlet wonder rhododendron	0,1 C F
Tinododonaron racemosam	tribly rhododendron	C. F
	unique rhododendron	C, F C, F
	vulcan rhododendron	C, F C, F
Rhododendron sassthigiatim x carolinianum	ramapo rhododendron	C, F
Rhododendron satuski	gumpo pink azalea	C, F
	higasa azalea	F.
Rhododendron simsii	reijn azalea Red ruffle azalea	C, F
Rhododendron spp. hybrids	American rhododendron	C, F C, F
Rhododendron spp. hybrids	carror azalea	О, Г С, F
, in our depring and	fashion azalea	C. F
	English roseaum rhododendron	F F
	gerard Christina azalea	F
	girard Roberta azalea	C, F
	golden flare exbury azalea	F_
	helmut vogel azalea	F F
	hershey red azalea hot shot azalea	
	Girard's crimson azalea	C, F C, F C, F
	H. H Hume azalea	C. F
	Inga azalea	F
	Irene Koster azalea	C, F
	midnight flare azalea	C, F
	nova zembla rhododendron	C, F
	Nuccio's wild cherry azalea	C, F C, F
	President Clay azalea	C, F
	scintillation rhododendron traditional azalea	C, F
Rhus lancea	African sumac	О, F С Б
Rhus typhina	staghorn sumac	C, F C, F C, F C, F C, F
Rosa x 'Flower carpet'	red groundcover rose	C. F
Rosa rugosa	ramanas rose	C, F
Rosmarinus officinalis	rosemary	F
Senecio cineraria	dusty miller	
Skimmia japonica	Japanese skimmia	C, F
Skimmia revesiana	reeve's skimmia	C, F
Solanum rantonetii 'Royal purple'	Paraguay nightshade	U, F
Spiraea x bumalda 'Anthony Waterer' Spiraea x cinerea 'Grefsheim'	Anthony Waterer spiraea first snow spiraea	О, Г С Б
Spiraea japonica	dolchia spiraea	C, F C, F C, F C, F C, F C, F
Sp. 404 Japoniou	gold mound	О, Г С. F
	Japanese alpine spiraea	Č, F
	magic carpet spiraea	C, F
	neon flash spiraea	C, F
	shirobana spiraea	C, F
Spiraea nipponica	Snowmound Nippon spirea	C, F

Scientific Name Spiraea x vanhouttei Streptosolen jamesonii Syringa rothomagenesis Syringa vulgaris Taxus cuspidata Tecomaria capensis Ternstroemia gymnanthera Teucrium fruticans Thevetia nerifolia Thuja occidentalis

Thuia orientalis

Tibouchina urvilleana Vaccinium ovatum Veitchia merrilli Viburnum bodnantense Viburnum carlesii Viburnum davidii Viburnum japonicum Viburnum judd (V. x juddii) Viburnum lantana Viburnum macrocephalum Viburnum opulus sterile Viburnum plicatum var. tomentosum Viburnum setigerum Viburnum tinus 'Compactum' Viburnum trilobum Viburnum trilobum 'Compactum' Viburnum x pragense Weigela florida

Xylosma congestum Xvlosma senticosa Yucca filamentosa

¹C=container grown, F=field grown

Groundcovers/Perennials Scientific Name

Achillea spp. Achillea filipendulina Achillea millefolium Achillea millefolium 'Paprika' Achillea tomentosa Agapanthus africanus

Agapanthus 'Peter pan' Agave americana

Agave attenuate x Agave ocahui

Agave bovicornuta Agave gypsophila Agave vilmoriniana Ammophila breviligulata Aptenia cordifolia Aquilegia x 'Dragon fly' Arctotheca calendula

Argyranthemum frutescens "Butterfly"

Asparagus densiflorus 'Myers' Asparagus retrofractus Asparagus varieegata Asparagus var. 'Meegers' Aspidistra elatior Aster novae-angliae Aster novi-belgii

Aster novi-belgii 'Persian rose' Begonia sepmerflorens 'Amb white'

Bergenia cordifolia

Bidens ferulifolia 'Peters gold' Brachycome x 'New amethyst'

Common Name	Treatment Method ¹
vanhoutte spirea	C, F
marmalade bush	C, F
Chinese lilac	C, F
common lilac	F

Japanese yew cape honeysuckle Japanese ternstroemia bush germander vellow oleander emerald arborvitae George Peabody arborvitae globosa-globe arborvitae

little giant-dwarf arborvitae nigra-dark American arborvitae pyramidalis arborvitae rheingold arborvitae techny arborvitae

woodwardii arborvitae aureus nana-dwarf golden arborvitae minima glauca-dwarf arborvitae

princes flower Thunderbird evergreen huckleberry

Christmas palm pink dawn viburnum Koreanspice vibunum David viburnum Japanese viburnum judd viburnum

wayfaringtree viburnum Chinese snowball viburnum common snowball viburnum doublefile viburnum

tea viburnum spring bouquet viburnum

Am. cranberrybush viburnum dwarf Am. cranberrybush viburnum Prague viburnum bristol Ruby weigela

java red weigela minuet weigela variegata xylosma

shiny xylosma Adam's needle yucca

Common Name

varrow

common yarrow paprika yarrow wooly yarrow lilly of the nile queen anne lily of the nile lily of the nile century plant, American aloe blue glow agave cow horn agave

moonshine-fern/leaf yarrow

gypsum century plant Tentacles agave beechgrass red apple aptenia columbine

cape weed butterfly argyranthemum pony tail fern

tree fern

cast iron plant New England aster New York aster Persian rose dwarf aster white ambassador begonia heartleaf bergenia

Peter's gold bidens swan river daisy new amethyst

C, F C, F F . C, F

F C, F F C, F F C, F C, F C, F C, F C, F C, F

F

C, F

C, F

Treatment Method¹

C, F C, F F C, F

C, F C, F C, F C, F C, F C, F C, F C, F C, F C, F C, F

Groundcovers/Perennials (Cont.)

Groundcovers/Perennials (Cont.)		
Scientific Name	Common Name	Treatment Method ¹
Callistepheus chinensis	China aster	C, F
Carex albula	frosty curls sedge	C, F
Carex spp.	variegated carex	C, F
Carpobrotus edulis	largeleaf ice plant	F
Catharanthus roseus	Madagascar periwinkle	C, F
Chasmanthium latifloium	northern sea oats	C, F
Chrysanthemum maximum	shasta daisy	C, F
Chrysanthemum spp.	chrysanthemum species	C, F
Cistus purpureus	Brilliancy sunset orchid rockrose	C, F
Clivia miniata 'French hybrid'	kafir lily	C, F
Cordyline indivisa	blue dracaena	C, F
Coreopsis verticillata Coreopsis verticillata 'Moonbeam'	threadleaf coreopsis	C, F C, F
Cortaderia selloana	moonbeam coreopsis	C, F C, F
Cortaderia selloaria Crasulla argentea compacta	pampas grass crosby compact jade	C, F
Cuphea hyssopifolia	false or Mexican heather	C, F
Cyperus albostriatus	dwarf umbrella grass	0, r C, F
Dahlia hybrid Dwarf	dwarf dahlia	C, F
Dahlia x 'Royal Dahlietta pink'	dwarf dahlia wendy pink	C, F
Delosperma alba	white iceplant	F
Delosperma cooperi	ice plant	C, F
Delosperma nubigenum	hardy ice plant	C, F
Descampsia caespitosa	descampsia	C, F
Dianthus gratianopolitanus 'Firewitch'	firewitch cheddar pink	C, F
Dianthus gratianopolitanus 'Treasure'	crimson treasure cheddar pink	C, F
Dianthus plumaris	cottage pink	C, F
Dietes vegeta	fortnight lily	C, F
Drosanthemum floribundum	trailing rosea iceplant	F
Drosantheumum hispidum	iceplant	C, F
Dryopteris erythrosora	autumn fern	C, F
Dryopteris Iudoviciana	southern shield wood fern	C, F
Dryopteris marginalis Dryopteris x australis	marginal wood fern	C, F C, F
Dymondia margaritae	dixie wood fern diamond marguerite	С, F С, F
Echeveria x black prince	"black prince' hens & chicks	C, F
Echeveria deranosa	'deranosa' hens & chicks	0, 1 C, F
Echeveria gibbiflora x E. elegans	Echeveria 'perle von Nurnberg'	G, F
Echeveria nodulosa	Mexican hens & chicks	C, F
Echeveria subrigida	red edge echeveria	C. F
Echinocactus grusonii	golden barrel cactus	C, F
Ensete ventricosum	absynnian banana	C, F
Equisetum scirpoides	dwarf horsetail	C, F
Erianthus ravennae	hardy pampasgrass	C, F
Erigeron speciosum 'Darkest of all'	darkest of all fleabane	C, F
Euryops pectinatus 'Munchkin'	dwarf euryops	C, F
Eustoma grandiflorum 'Pink'	pink lisianthus	C, F
Evolvulus nuttallianus	blue daze	C, F
Fatshedra japonica	Japanese aralia	C, F
Festuca ovina glauca	blue fescue	C, F
Gaillardia x grandifloria	blanket flower	C, F
Gaillardia x grandiflora 'Goblin'	goblin blanket flower	F
Gazania spp.	gazania	C, F
Gazania rigens leucolaena Geranium cinerium "Ballerina'	gazania, trailing ballerina cranesbill	C,F
Geranium sanquineum 'Bloody cran'	bloody cranesbill	C, F C, F
Geranium subcaulescens	black eyed magenta cranesbill	C, F
Geum spp	avens	0, 1 C, F
Geum quellyon	geum	0, r C, F
Gypsophila paniculata	baby's breath	О, F
Hakonechloa macroaureola	golden hakonechloa	C, F
Hedera canariensis	Algerian ivy	F
Hedera helix	English ivy	C, F
Helichrysum petiolare 'White licorice'	white licorice helichrysum	C, F
Heliotropium fragrans	common heliotrope	C, F
Hemerocallis spp.	daylily	C, F
Hesperaloe parvifolia	red yucca	C, F
Heuchera x 'Bressingham'	bressingham coral bells	C, F
Heuchera micrantha	coral bells	C, F
Hosta 'Francee'	francee plantain lily	C, F
Hosta fortunei	plantain lily	C, F
Hosta lancifoila	albo-marginata hosta	C, F
Hosto v (Datrick)	narrow leafed plantain lily	C
Hosta x 'Patriot'	patriot plantain lily	C, F
Hosta plantaginea x H. sieboldiana Houttuynia cordata 'Chameleon'	Royal standard hosta chameleon houttuynia	C, F C, F
Hymenoxys acaulis	angelita daisy	С, F С, F
Hypericum spp.	St. Johnswort	С, _Г С,,F
Impatiens walleryana 'Lipstick'	lipstick impatiens	0,,,r C, F
,		- , .

Groundcovers/Perennials (Cont.)

Scientific Name Imperata cylindrical 'Rubra' Ipomea acuminata 'Blue dawn' Iris pumila 'Yellow' Iris siberica Jasminum nitidum Jasminum polyanthum Kniphofia uvaria 'Flamenco' Lampranthus spectabilis Leptospermum chinensis Leptospermum scoparium Liatris spicata 'Floristan Violet' Limonium latifolium Limonium perezii Liriope gigantea

Liriope muscari

Liriope spicata

Lonicera japonica Lysimachia mummularia Lysimachia punctata Matteuccia struthiopteris Matthiola incana 'Harmony' Miscanthus sinensis Miscanthus sinensis 'Gracillimus' Moraea iridioides Oenothera missouriensis Oenothera speciosa "Siskiyou pink" Onoclea sensibilis Ophiopogon japonicus

Origanum libanoticum Osmunda cinnamomea Osmunda regalis Osteospermum fruticosum Pachysandra terminalis Pachysandra terminalis 'Green sheen' Pachvveria haaqii Parthenocissus quinguefolia Pelargonium x hortorum Pelargonium peltatum Pennisetum alopecuroides Pennisetum setaceum Penstemon x 'Apple blossom' Pentas lanceolata Perovskia atriplicifolia Petunia-hybrids Phalaris arundinacea picta Phlox subulata Phormium tenax 'Jack Spratt' Polystichum acrostichoides Polystichum polyblepharum Ratbida columnifera Rudbeckia fulgida Ruscus hypophyllum Salvia daghestanica Salvia grahamii

Schizachyrium scoparium Scutellaria resinosa Sedum x 'Autumn joy' Sedum x 'Vera Jameson' Sedum clavatum Sedum nussbaumerianum Senecio kleinia Tagetes patula 'Little Hero' Trachelospermum asiaticum Tulbaghia violacea Verbena rigida Vinca major Vinca minor Vinca spp.

Sasa pygmaea

¹C=container grown, F=field grown

Common Name Japanese blood grass C, F C, F C, F blue dawn morning glory yellow dwarf bearded iris iris C, F C, F C, F angelwing jasmine pink jasmine flamenco red hot poker F C, F trailing iceplant nanum ruru pink leptospermum C, F C, F broom teatree/manuka floristan violet gay feather sea lavender statice white lily turf giant lily turf lilac beauty lily turf majestic lily turf monroe white lily turf silvery sunproof lily turf variegated liriope lily turf big blue lily turf green/creeping lily turf silver dragon lily turf Japanese honeysuckle moneywort dotted loosestrife ostrich fern stock eulalia grass maiden grass African iris ozark sundrops siskiyou evening primrose sensitive fern dwarf mondo grass mondo grass oregano cinnamon fern

royal fern tráiling African daisy Japanese spurge green sheen Japanese spurge Pachyveria Virginia creeper zonal geranium ivy geranium fountain grass chrimson fountaingrass

garden petunias ribbon grass moss pink Jack Spratt New Zealand flax Christmas fern tassel fern Mexican hat blackeyed susan butcher's broom (Israeli ruscus)

apple blossom penstemon

star clusters

Russian sage

platinum sage graham's sage dwarf bamboo little bluestem skull cap autumn joy stonecrop Vera Jameson stonecrop Tiscalatengo gorge sedum Coppertone stonecrop Kleinia talinoides

little hero marigold Asian iasmine society garlic veined verbena bigleaf periwinkle dwarf periwinkle periwinkle

C, F C, F C, F C, F C, F

Treatment Method¹

C, F C, F C, F C, F C, F C, F

C, F C, F C, F

C, F

F

Field-Grown Non-Bearing Trees and Vines¹ Common Name

almond grape, European apple grapefruit kiwi apricot lemon avocado blackberry loganberry black walnut macadamia nut blueberry nectarine boysenberry olive cherry, sour orange cherry, sweet peach currant pear dewberry pecan elderberry pistachio English walnut plum pomegranate filbert prune

gooseberry grape, American

¹Apply only to listed field grown crops. Do not apply to container grown crops. Non-bearing fruit and nut trees and non-bearing vineyards are defined as plants that will not bear fruit for at least one year after treatment.

raspberry

Ornamental Bulbs

Gallery SC may be applied for control of susceptible annual weeds in ornamental bulbs such as bulbous iris, daffodil (narcissus), gladiolus, hyacinth, lilies, and tulip except as noted below. Apply Gallery SC to the soil surface 2 to 4 weeks after planting but prior to the emergence of annual weeds. Gallery SC may also be applied following bulb emergence but prior to bud set, or after flowering. For fall planted bulbs, apply Gallery SC in late winter or early spring to weed-free soil surfaces. For bulbs, make a single application within 30 days following planting and prior to bulb emergence. Do not exceed the 16 fl. oz of Gallery SC (0.5 lb. ai) per acre rate. Do not to exceed 3 applications per year or a maximum yearly of 48 oz/A (1.56 lb ai/A).

Specific Use Restrictions:

- Do not use Gallery SC for weed control in ornamental bulbs grown for commercial bulb production.
- Gallery SC is not for application to:
 - Tulip plants that have emerged to a height greater than 3/4 inch.
 - Gladiolus prior to emergence or if corms are less than one inch in diameter.
 - · Bulbs while they are flowering.

Shadehouse Areas

Gallery SC may be applied in open shadehouse-type structures where the natural flow of air is unimpeded. Do not apply in enclosed greenhouses or in enclosed shadehouse-type structures. Do not apply within three weeks prior to enclosing greenhouses or poly-type structures.

Christmas Tree and Conifer Plantations

Gallery SC - Alone

Apply Gallery SC as a directed spray to the soil surface or as an over the top spray to established plantings of field grown Christmas tree and conifer species listed in this label. Follow all instructions provided in the Product Information section of this label. Do not apply more than 31 fl oz/acre of Gallery SC in a single application. Do not repeat applications sooner than 60 days after a previous application of Gallery SC. Do not apply more than a total of 124 fl oz/A of Gallery SC per acre within a 12-month period.

Specific Use Restrictions:

Injury may be incurred if Gallery SC is applied in the following manner. Grower assumes all risk if Gallery SC is applied to seedbeds or seedling transplant beds. For optimum plant tolerance, apply only to established plantings. Established plants are defined as those that have been transplanted into their final growing location for a sufficient period of time to allow the soil to be firmly settled around the roots from packing and rainfall or irrigation.

Gallery SC - Tank Mix

Tank mix combinations of Gallery SC plus other labeled herbicides may be used in established Christmas tree plantings. When applied according to use directions, these tank mixes will provide control of susceptible weed species listed on the respective product labels. Refer to tank mix product labels for specific use directions, precautions and limitations before use. Refer to tank mix instructions for Gallery SC in the Mixing Directions

section. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Gallery SC plus Accord XRT II or other glyphosate formulations registered for this use site: Apply tank mix combinations of Gallery SC plus glyphosate as directed soil sprays only in Christmas tree plantings. When applied as directed, Gallery SC plus glyphosate will provide postemergence control of susceptible weed species listed on the label for glyphosate and residual preemergence control of susceptible weed species listed on the label for Gallery SC. Refer to the label for glyphosate for specific use directions, precautions and limitations before use. Refer to tank mix instructions for Gallery SC in the Mixing Directions section.

Specific Use Precautions for glyphosate tank mixes:

- Extreme care must be exercised to prevent contact of sprays containing glyphosate with foliage or stems of Christmas trees or other desirable plants or severe plant damage or death may result.
- Do not apply sprays containing glyphosate over the top of Christmas tree plantings.

Non-Cropland Areas

Use Gallery SC as a preemergence herbicide for control of listed broadleaf weeds in non-cropland areas such as airports, communication transmission lines, dry barrow ditches, dry non-irrigation ditchbanks, and dry storm water retention areas, electrical power and utility rights-of-way, fencerows, gravel pits, industrial sites, military sites, mining and drilling areas, oil and gas pads, parking lots, petroleum tank farms, oil and gas pipelines, railroads, roadsides, storage areas, substations, vacant lots and other non-crop residential areas where maintenance of bare ground is desired.

It is permissible to treat non-irrigation ditch banks and transitional areas between upland and lowland sites only when dry. Do not apply directly to water. Note: Consult with local water control authorities before applying this product around public water. Permits may be required

Apply Gallery SC anytime prior to germination of target weeds. Areas to be treated should be free of established weeds or existing weeds should be controlled with postemergence herbicides.

Refer to the Product Information section prior to using this product on non-cropland areas.

Tank Mixing

Gallery SC is compatible and can be tank mixed with other herbicides registered for use on non-cropland areas such as Dimension, Accord XRT II and Milestone. Applied as directed, tank mixes containing Gallery SC will provide control of susceptible weed species listed on the respective labels. All directions, precautions and limitations on the respective product labels apply to the tank mix use. Refer to tank mix instructions for Gallery SC in the Mixing Directions section.

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Revisions:

- 1. Updated the list of application sites.
- 2. Updated the Product Information section.
- 3. Added the following language under Surface Water Advisory:
 - a. A level, well-maintained vegetative buffer strip between areas to which this product is applied and surface water features such as ponds, streams, and springs will reduce the potential loading of isoxaben from runoff water and sediment.
- 4. Updated the Use Precautions and Restrictions section.

- 5. Updated the Mixing Directions section.
- Updated the Gallery SC Tank Mix section.
- Added the Premixing instructions.
- 8. Updated list of weed, turfgrass, trees, shrubs species along with common names.
- Updated language under Weed Resistance Management and Best Management Practices sections.
- 10. Re-named and updated the Ornamental Plantings section to Ornamental Plantings, Non-Bearing Fruit and Nut Trees and Non-Bearing Vineyards.
- Updated the Tank Mixing section under Ornamental Plantings, Non-Bearing Fruit and Nut Trees and Non-Bearing Vineyards.
- 12. Added "non-bearing fruit and nut trees, non-bearing vineyards" to the following sentence:
 - a. Do not apply Gallery SC to newly transplanted ornamentals, nursery stock, groundcovers, non-bearing fruit and nut trees, non-bearing vineyards or ornamental bulbs, until soil or potting media has been settled by packing and irrigation or rainfall and no cracks are present or plant injury may occur.
- 13. Added the Field-Grown Non-Bearing Trees and Vines section.
- 14. Renamed and updated the Ornamental Bulbs in Landscape Settings to Ornamental Bulbs and Flowers of Ornamental Bulbous Plants.
- 15. Updated the Specific Use Precautions and Restrictions and Gallery SC plus... sections under Christmas Tree and Conifer Plantations.
- 16. Updated the Non-Cropland Areas section.
- 17. Updated the Tank Mixing section under Non-Cropland Areas.
- 18. Combined and renamed the Specific Use Precautions under Christmas Tree and Conifer Plantations from "Specific Use Precautions" to "Specific Use Precautions for glyphosate tank mixes".

 19. Added the following under Ornamental Planting, Non-Bearing.... section:
- - a. For non-Bearing Fruit and Nut Trees and Non-Bearing Vineyards, make a single application prior to germination of target weeds or immediately after cultivation. Application is to be made in a minimum of 10 gal/A. Do not exceed 1.0 lb ai/A/yr.
 - b. Non-bearing means trees or vines where nuts and/or fruit are not harvested for food within one year of treatment.