

# Material Safety Data Sheet

Dow AgroSciences LLC

Product Name: KERB\* SC Herbicide

**Issue Date:** 01/19/2012 **Print Date:** 19 Jan 2012

Dow AgroSciences LLC encourages and expects you to read and understand the entire (M)SDS, as there is important information throughout the document. We expect you to follow the precautions identified in this document unless your use conditions would necessitate other appropriate methods or actions.

# 1. Product and Company Identification

Product Name

KERB\* SC Herbicide

# COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Dow AgroSciences LLC A Subsidiary of The Dow Chemical Company 9330 Zionsville Road Indianapolis, IN 46268-1189 United States

Customer Information Number:

800-992-5994 SDSQuestion@dow.com

# **EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER**

24-Hour Emergency Contact: Local Emergency Contact: 800-992-5994 352-323-3500

# 2. Hazards Identification

# **Emergency Overview**

Color: Tan Physical State: Liquid. Odor: Mild Hazards of product:

No significant immediate hazards for emergency response are known.

# OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

This product is not a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

# Potential Health Effects

**Eye Contact:** May cause slight temporary eye irritation. Corneal injury is unlikely. **Skin Contact:** Brief contact may cause slight skin irritation with local redness. **Skin Absorption:** Prolonged skin contact is unlikely to result in absorption of harmful amounts.

TM \* Trademark of Dow AgroSciences LLC

**Inhalation:** No adverse effects are anticipated from single exposure to mist. Based on the available data, narcotic effects were not observed. Based on the available data, respiratory irritation was not observed.

**Ingestion:** Very low toxicity if swallowed. Harmful effects not anticipated from swallowing small amounts.

Aspiration hazard: Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

Effects of Repeated Exposure: For the active ingredient(s): In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs: Adrenal gland. Kidney. Muscles. Ovaries. Pancreas. Thyroid. In rare cases, repeated excessive exposure to propylene glycol may cause central nervous system effects. Cancer Information: For the active ingredient(s): Has caused cancer in laboratory animals. Birth Defects/Developmental Effects: For the active ingredient(s): Has been toxic to the fetus in laboratory animals at doses toxic to the mother.

**Reproductive Effects:** For the active ingredient(s): In laboratory animal studies, effects on reproduction have been seen only at doses that produced significant toxicity to the parent animals.

# **3.** Composition Information

Component	CAS #	Amount
Propyzamide	23950-58-5	35.6 %
Propylene glycol	57-55-6	3.6 %
Balance	Not available	60.8 %

# 4. First-aid measures

## Description of first aid measures

**General advice:** If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.

**Inhalation:** Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call an emergency responder or ambulance, then give artificial respiration; if by mouth to mouth use rescuer protection (pocket mask etc). Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

**Skin Contact:** Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. Suitable emergency safety shower facility should be available in work area.

**Eye Contact:** Hold eyes open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eyes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. Suitable emergency eye wash facility should be available in work area.

Ingestion: No emergency medical treatment necessary.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed (below), no additional symptoms and effects are anticipated.

# Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No specific antidote. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient. Have the Safety Data Sheet, and if available, the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

# 5. Fire Fighting Measures

## Suitable extinguishing media

To extinguish combustible residues of this product use water fog, carbon dioxide, dry chemical or foam.

# Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

**Hazardous Combustion Products:** Under fire conditions some components of this product may decompose. The smoke may contain unidentified toxic and/or irritating compounds. Combustion products may include and are not limited to: Nitrogen oxides. Hydrogen chloride. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide.

**Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:** This material will not burn until the water has evaporated. Residue can burn.

# Advice for firefighters

**Fire Fighting Procedures:** Keep people away. Isolate fire and deny unnecessary entry. Use water spray to cool fire exposed containers and fire affected zone until fire is out and danger of reignition has passed. To extinguish combustible residues of this product use water fog, carbon dioxide, dry chemical or foam. Contain fire water run-off if possible. Fire water run-off, if not contained, may cause environmental damage. Review the "Accidental Release Measures" and the "Ecological Information" sections of this (M)SDS.

**Special Protective Equipment for Firefighters:** Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective fire fighting clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots, and gloves). If protective equipment is not available or not used, fight fire from a protected location or safe distance.

# 6. Accidental Release Measures

**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:** Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

**Environmental precautions:** Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, waterways and/or groundwater. See Section 12, Ecological Information.

**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:** Contain spilled material if possible. Small spills: Absorb with materials such as: Clay. Dirt. Sand. Sweep up. Collect in suitable and properly labeled containers. Large spills: Contact Dow AgroSciences for clean-up assistance. See Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional information.

# 7. Handling and Storage

## Handling

**General Handling:** Keep out of reach of children. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use with adequate ventilation. See Section 8, EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION.

## Storage

Store in a dry place. Store in original container. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Do not store near food, foodstuffs, drugs or potable water supplies.

# 8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Exposure Limits			
Component	List	Туре	Value
Propylene glycol	WEEL	TWA Aerosol.	10 mg/m3

RECOMMENDATIONS IN THIS SECTION ARE FOR MANUFACTURING, COMMERCIAL BLENDING AND PACKAGING WORKERS. APPLICATORS AND HANDLERS SHOULD SEE THE PRODUCT LABEL FOR PROPER PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND CLOTHING.

# **Personal Protection**

Eye/Face Protection: Use safety glasses (with side shields).

**Skin Protection:** Use protective clothing chemically resistant to this material. Selection of specific items such as face shield, boots, apron, or full body suit will depend on the task.

**Hand protection:** Use gloves chemically resistant to this material. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Neoprene. Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"). Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"). NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

**Respiratory Protection:** Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, wear respiratory protection when adverse effects, such as respiratory irritation or discomfort have been experienced, or where indicated by your risk assessment process. For most conditions no respiratory protection should be needed; however, if discomfort is experienced, use an approved air-purifying respirator. The following should be effective types of air-purifying respirators: Organic vapor cartridge with a particulate pre-filter.

**Ingestion:** Use good personal hygiene. Do not consume or store food in the work area. Wash hands before smoking or eating.

# **Engineering Controls**

**Ventilation:** Use local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, general ventilation should be sufficient for most operations. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations.

# 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance	
Physical State	Liquid.
Color	Tan
Odor	Mild
Odor Threshold	No test data available
рН	7.91 (@ 1 %) pH Electrode
Melting Point	Not applicable
Freezing Point	-20 °C (-4 °F)
Boiling Point (760 mmHg)	No test data available.
Flash Point - Closed Cup	> 100 ℃ (> 212 ℉) <i>Closed Cup</i>
Evaporation Rate (Butyl	No test data available
Acetate = 1)	
Flammable Limits In Air	Lower: No test data available
	Upper: No test data available
Vapor Pressure	No test data available
Vapor Density (air = 1)	No test data available
Specific Gravity (H2O = 1)	
Solubility in water (by	No test data available
weight)	
Partition coefficient, n-	No data available for this product. See Section 12 for individual
octanol/water (log Pow)	component data.
Autoignition Temperature	No test data available
Decomposition	No test data available
Temperature	NT 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Dynamic Viscosity	No test data available
Liquid Density	1.13 g/ml @ 20 °C Digital density meter

# 10. Stability and Reactivity

# Reactivity

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use. **Chemical stability** Stable under recommended storage conditions. See Storage. Section 7.

# Possibility of hazardous reactions

Polymerization will not occur.

**Conditions to Avoid:** Active ingredient decomposes at elevated temperatures. Generation of gas during decomposition can cause pressure in closed systems.

# Incompatible Materials: Avoid contact with: Strong oxidizers.

## Hazardous decomposition products

Decomposition products depend upon temperature, air supply and the presence of other materials. Decomposition products can include and are not limited to: Hydrogen chloride. Nitrogen oxides.

# 11. Toxicological Information

## Acute Toxicity

#### Ingestion

As product: Single dose oral LD50 has not been determined. For similar material(s): LD50, rat > 5,000 mg/kg

#### Dermal

As product: The dermal LD50 has not been determined. For similar material(s): LD50, rat, male and female > 5,000 mg/kg

#### Inhalation

As product: The LC50 has not been determined. For similar material(s): LC50, 4 h, Aerosol, rat, male and female > 5.19 mg/l

No deaths occurred at this concentration.

# Eye damage/eye irritation

May cause slight temporary eye irritation. Corneal injury is unlikely.

## Skin corrosion/irritation

Brief contact may cause slight skin irritation with local redness.

# Sensitization

#### Skin

For similar material(s): Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

### Respiratory

No relevant data found.

# **Repeated Dose Toxicity**

For the active ingredient(s): In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs: Adrenal gland. Kidney. Muscles. Ovaries. Pancreas. Thyroid. In rare cases, repeated excessive exposure to propylene glycol may cause central nervous system effects.

## **Chronic Toxicity and Carcinogenicity**

For the active ingredient(s): Has caused cancer in laboratory animals.

## **Developmental Toxicity**

For the active ingredient(s): Has been toxic to the fetus in laboratory animals at doses toxic to the mother. Did not cause birth defects in laboratory animals.

# **Reproductive Toxicity**

For the active ingredient(s): In laboratory animal studies, effects on reproduction have been seen only at doses that produced significant toxicity to the parent animals.

# **Genetic Toxicology**

For the active ingredient(s): In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative. Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

# 12. Ecological Information

# Toxicity

For similar material(s): Material is moderately toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50 between 1 and 10 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).

### Fish Acute & Prolonged Toxicity

For similar material(s): LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), flow-through test, 96 h: 53.6 mg/l **Aquatic Invertebrate Acute Toxicity** 

For similar material(s): EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), flow-through test, 48 h, immobilization: > 99.2 mg/l

#### Aquatic Plant Toxicity

For similar material(s): EC50, Lemna minor (duckweed), 7 d: 1.0 - 10.0 mg/l

For similar material(s): ErC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), Growth rate inhibition, 72 h: 10.4 mg/l

#### Toxicity to Above Ground Organisms

Based on information for a similar material: oral LD50, Apis mellifera (bees): > 100 ug/bee Based on information for a similar material: contact LD50, Apis mellifera (bees): > 100 ug/bee **Toxicity to Soil Dwelling Organisms** 

LC50, Eisenia fetida (earthworms), 14 d: > 10,000 mg/kg

# Persistence and Degradability

#### Data for Component: Propyzamide

Biodegradation may occur under aerobic conditions (in the presence of oxygen).

#### Indirect Photodegradation with OH Radicals

Rate Constant	Atmospheric Half-life	Method
9.149E-11 cm3/s	4.2 h	Estimated.

### Data for Component: Propylene glycol

Material is readily biodegradable. Passes OECD test(s) for ready biodegradability. Biodegradation may occur under anaerobic conditions (in the absence of oxygen).

#### OECD Biodegradation Tests:

Biodegradation	Exposure Time	Method		10 Day Window
81 %	28 d	OECD 301F	Test	pass
96 %	64 d	OECD 306 T		Not applicable
Indirect Photodegradation with OH Radicals				
Rate Constant	Atmosphe	eric Half-life		Method
1.28E-11 cm3/s	1(	0 h		Estimated.
Biological oxygen demand (BOD):				
BOD 5	BOD 10	BOD 20		BOD 28
69.000 %	70.000 %	86.000 %		
Chemical Oxygen Der	nand: 1 53 mg/mg			

Chemical Oxygen Demand: 1.53 mg/mg

Theoretical Oxygen Demand: 1.68 mg/mg

## **Bioaccumulative potential**

Data for Component: Propyzamide

**Bioaccumulation:** Bioconcentration potential is moderate (BCF between 100 and 3000 or Log Pow between 3 and 5). **Partition coefficient, n-octanol/water (log Pow):** 3.05 - 3.27

Bioconcentration Factor (BCF): 134 - 177

## Data for Component: Propylene glycol

**Bioaccumulation:** Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3). **Partition coefficient, n-octanol/water (log Pow):** -1.07 Measured **Bioconcentration Factor (BCF):** 0.09; Estimated.

## Mobility in soil

# Data for Component: Propyzamide

Mobility in soil: Potential for mobility in soil is medium (Koc between 150 and 500). Partition coefficient, soil organic carbon/water (Koc): 200 Measured Henry's Law Constant (H): 9E-06 atm\*m3/mole

#### Data for Component: Propylene glycol

**Mobility in soil:** Given its very low Henry's constant, volatilization from natural bodies of water or moist soil is not expected to be an important fate process., Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50).

Partition coefficient, soil organic carbon/water (Koc): < 1 Estimated. Henry's Law Constant (H): 1.2E-08 atm\*m3/mole Measured

# 13. Disposal Considerations

If wastes and/or containers cannot be disposed of according to the product label directions, disposal of this material must be in accordance with your local or area regulatory authorities. This information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. If the material as supplied becomes a waste, follow all applicable regional, national and local laws.

# 14. Transport Information

# DOT Non-Bulk

NOT REGULATED

# DOT Bulk

Proper Shipping Name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. Technical Name: Propyzamide Hazard Class: 9 ID Number: UN3082 Packing Group: PG III

## IMDG

Proper Shipping Name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. Technical Name: Propyzamide Hazard Class: 9 ID Number: UN3082 Packing Group: PG III EMS Number: F-A,S-F Marine pollutant.: Yes

#### ICAO/IATA Proper Shipping Name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. Technical Name: Propyzamide Hazard Class: 9 ID Number: UN3082 Packing Group: PG III Cargo Packing Instruction: 964 Passenger Packing Instruction: 964 Additional Information

Reportable quantity: 14,025 lb - Propyzamide

## MARINE POLLUTANT

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service representative. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material.

# 15. Regulatory Information

# **OSHA Hazard Communication Standard**

This product is not a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

# Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Sections 311 and 312

Immediate (Acute) Health Hazard	Ńo
Delayed (Chronic) Health Hazard	Yes
Fire Hazard	No
Reactive Hazard	No
Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard	No

# Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Section 313

This product contains the following substances which are subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and which are listed in 40 CFR 372.

Component	CAS #	Amount
Propyzamide	23950-58-5	35.6%

# Pennsylvania (Worker and Community Right-To-Know Act): Pennsylvania Hazardous Substances List and/or Pennsylvania Environmental Hazardous Substance List:

The following product components are cited in the Pennsylvania Hazardous Substance List and/or the Pennsylvania Environmental Substance List, and are present at levels which require reporting.

Component	CAS #	Amount
Propyzamide	23950-58-5	35.6%
Propylene glycol	57-55-6	3.6%

# Pennsylvania (Worker and Community Right-To-Know Act): Pennsylvania Special Hazardous Substances List:

To the best of our knowledge, this product does not contain chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

# Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA) Section 103

This product contains the following substances which are subject to CERCLA Section 103 reporting requirements and which are listed in 40 CFR 302.4.

Component	CAS #	Amount
Propyzamide	23950-58-5	35.6%

## California Proposition 65 (Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986)

WARNING: This product contains a chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer.

## **Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)**

All components of this product are on the TSCA Inventory or are exempt from TSCA Inventory requirements under 40 CFR 720.30

16.	Other Information	

Hazard Rating System				
NFPA	Health	Fire	Reactivity	
	3	1	0	

## Revision

Identification Number: 1010311 / 1016 / Issue Date 01/19/2012 / Version: 1.2 DAS Code: GF-2014 Most recent revision(s) are noted by the bold, double bars in left-hand margin throughout this document.

#### Legend

N/A	Not available
W/W	Weight/Weight
OEL	Occupational Exposure Limit
STEL	Short Term Exposure Limit
TWA	Time Weighted Average
ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, Inc.
DOW IHG	Dow Industrial Hygiene Guideline
WEEL	Workplace Environmental Exposure Level
HAZ_DES	Hazard Designation
Action Level	A value set by OSHA that is lower than the PEL which will trigger the need for
	activities such as exposure monitoring and medical surveillance if exceeded.

Dow AgroSciences LLC urges each customer or recipient of this (M)SDS to study it carefully and consult appropriate expertise, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this (M)SDS and any hazards associated with the product. The information herein is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations. It is the buyer's/user's responsibility to ensure that his activities comply with all federal, state, provincial or local laws. The information presented here pertains only to the product as shipped. Since conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer, it is the buyer's/user's duty to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific (M)SDSs, we are not and cannot be responsible for (M)SDS obtained from any source other than ourselves. If you have obtained an (M)SDS from another source or if you are not sure that the (M)SDS you have is current, please contact us for the most current version.