Safety Data Sheet
MOZART TR

1. Product and Company Identification

Company
BASF CORPORATION
100 Park Avenue
Florham Park, NJ 07932, USA

24 Hour Emergency Response Information
CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300
BASF HOTLINE: 1-800-832-HELP (4357)

Registrant:
St. Louis, MO 63122
3568 Tree Court Industrial Blvd.
Whitmire Micro-Gen Research Laboratories, Inc.

Substance number: 000000455684
Synonyms: Fludioxonil

2. Hazards Identification

Emergency overview

CAUTION:
KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.
KEEP OUT OF REACH OF DOMESTIC ANIMALS.
HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED.
HARMFUL IF INHALED.
HARMFUL IF ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN.
Do not breathe vapours/mists.
Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing.
Wash thoroughly after handling.
Aerosol container contains flammable gas under pressure.

See Product Label for additional precautionary statements.

State of matter: liquid
Colour: dark red brown
Odour: characteristic, of acetone

Potential health effects

Primary routes of exposure:
Routes of entry for solids and liquids include eye and skin contact, ingestion and inhalation. Routes of entry for gases include inhalation and eye contact. Skin contact may be a route of entry for liquified gases.

Acute toxicity:
Relatively nontoxic after short-term skin contact. Relatively nontoxic after single ingestion. Relatively nontoxic after short-term inhalation.

Irritation / corrosion:
May cause slight but temporary irritation to the eyes. May cause slight irritation to the skin.

Sensitization:
Skin sensitizing effects were not observed in animal studies.

3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

CAS Number	Content (W/W)	Chemical name
131341-86-1	6.5 %	Fludioxonil
115-10-6		dimethyl ether
67-64-1		Acetone
	<= 93.5 %	Proprietary ingredients

4. First-Aid Measures

General advice:
First aid providers should wear personal protective equipment to prevent exposure. Remove contaminated clothing. Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or physician for treatment advice. Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment.

If inhaled:
Remove the affected individual into fresh air and keep the person calm.

If on skin:
Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 - 20 minutes.

If in eyes:
Hold eyes open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing.

If swallowed:
Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting. Never induce vomiting or give anything by mouth if the victim is unconscious or having convulsions.

5. Fire-Fighting Measures

Flash point:		not applicable
Lower explosion limit:		not determined
Upper explosion limit:		not determined
Flammability of Aerosol Products:	> 18 in no flashback	(ASTM D 3065
NFPA 30B flammability:	Level 2 Aerosol	

Suitable extinguishing media:
foam, dry powder, carbon dioxide, water spray

Hazards during fire-fighting:
carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, nitrogen dioxide, nitrogen oxide, hydrogen fluoride, halogenated hydrocarbons,
Aerosol container contains flammable gas under pressure. Pressure inside container is increased when heated, and may cause explosion. If product is heated above decomposition temperature, toxic vapours will be released. The substances/groups of substances mentioned can be released in case of fire.

Protective equipment for fire-fighting:
Firefighters should be equipped with self-contained breathing apparatus and turn-out gear.

Further information:
Evacuate area of all unnecessary personnel. Contain contaminated water/firefighting water. Do not allow to enter drains or waterways.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions:
Take appropriate protective measures. Clear area. Shut off source of leak only under safe conditions. Extinguish sources of ignition nearby and downwind. Ensure adequate ventilation. Wear suitable personal protective clothing and equipment.

Environmental precautions:
Do not discharge into the subsoil/soil. Do not discharge into drains/surface waters/groundwater. Contain contaminated water/firefighting water. A spill of or in excess of the reportable quantity requires notification to state, local and national emergency authorities.

Cleanup:
Dike spillage. Pick up with suitable absorbent material. Spilled substance/product should be recovered and applied according to label rates whenever possible. If application of spilled substance/product is not possible, then spills should be contained, solidified, and placed in suitable containers for disposal. After decontamination, spill area can be washed with water. Collect wash water for approved disposal.

7. Handling and Storage

Handling

General advice:
RECOMMENDATIONS ARE FOR MANUFACTURING, COMMERCIAL BLENDING, AND PACKAGING WORKERS. PESTICIDE APPLICATORS & WORKERS must refer to the Product Label and Directions for Use attached to the product. Provide good ventilation of working area (local exhaust ventilation if necessary). Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep container tightly sealed. Protect against heat. Handle and open container with care. Do not open until ready to use. Once container is opened, content should be used as soon as possible. Provide means for controlling leaks and spills. Follow label warnings even after container is emptied. The substance/ product may be handled only by appropriately trained personnel. Avoid all direct contact with the substance/product. Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing. Avoid inhalation of dusts/mists/vapours. Wear suitable personal protective clothing and equipment.

Protection against fire and explosion:
Aerosol container contains flammable gas under pressure. The relevant fire protection measures should be noted. Fire extinguishers should be kept handy. Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flame. Avoid extreme heat. Ground all transfer equipment properly to prevent electrostatic discharge. Electrostatic discharge may cause ignition.

Storage

General advice:
Protect containers from physical damage. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area. Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flame.

Storage incompatibility:
General advice: Segregate from incompatible substances. Segregate from foods and animal feeds. Segregate from textiles and similar materials.

Storage stability:
May be kept indefinitely if stored properly. If an expiry date is mentioned on the packaging/label this takes priority over the statements on storage duration in this safety data sheet.

Temperature tolerance

Protect from temperatures above: 130 °F
Explosive at or above indicated temperature.

8. Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

Users of a pesticidal product should refer to the product label for personal protective equipment requirements.

Components with workplace control parameters

Acetone	OSHA	PEL 1,000 ppm 2,400 mg/m3 ;
	ACGIH	TWA value 500 ppm ; STEL value 750 ppm ;

Advice on system design:
Whenever possible, engineering controls should be used to minimize the need for personal protective equipment.

Personal protective equipment

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR MANUFACTURING, COMMERCIAL BLENDING, AND PACKAGING WORKERS:

Respiratory protection:
Wear respiratory protection if ventilation is inadequate. Wear a NIOSH-certified (or equivalent) organic vapour/particulate respirator. For situations where the airborne concentrations may exceed the level for which an air purifying respirator is effective, or where the levels are unknown or Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health (IDLH), use NIOSH-certified full facepiece pressure demand self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) or a full facepiece pressure demand supplied-air respirator (SAR) with escape provisions.

Hand protection:
Chemical resistant protective gloves, Protective glove selection must be based on the user's assessment of the workplace hazards.

Eye protection:
Safety glasses with side-shields. Tightly fitting safety goggles (chemical goggles). Wear face shield if splashing hazard exists.

Body protection:
Body protection must be chosen depending on activity and possible exposure, e.g. head protection, apron, protective boots, chemical-protection suit.

General safety and hygiene measures:
RECOMMENDATIONS FOR MANUFACTURING, COMMERCIAL BLENDING, AND PACKAGING WORKERS
Wear long sleeved work shirt and long work pants in addition to other stated personal protective equipment. Work place should be equipped with a shower and an eye wash. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Personal protective equipment should be decontaminated prior to reuse. Gloves must be inspected regularly and prior to each use. Replace if necessary (e.g. pinhole leaks). Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Store work clothing separately. Hands and/or face should be washed before breaks and at the end of the shift. No eating, drinking, smoking or tobacco use at the place of work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Form:	aerosol	
Odour:	characteristic, of acetone	
Colour:	dark red brown	
pH value:	6.6	(22.6 °C)
Density:	0.8652 g/cm3	(20 °C)
Vapour density:		not determined

10. Stability and Reactivity

Conditions to avoid:
Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flame. Avoid prolonged storage. Avoid electro-static discharge. Avoid contamination. Avoid prolonged exposure to extreme heat. Avoid extreme temperatures.

Substances to avoid:
strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous reactions:
The product is chemically stable.

Decomposition products:
No hazardous decomposition products if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated., Prolonged thermal loading can result in products of degradation being given off.

Thermal decomposition:
Possible thermal decomposition products:
carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, nitrogen dioxide, nitrogen oxide, hydrogen fluoride, halogenated hydrocarbons
Stable at ambient temperature. If product is heated above decomposition temperature toxic vapours may be released. To avoid thermal decomposition, do not overheat.

Corrosion to metals:
Corrosive effects to metal are not anticipated.

Oxidizing properties:
Not an oxidizer.

11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Oral:
Type of value: LD50
Species: rat
Value: > 5,000 mg/kg

Inhalation:
Type of value: LC50
Species: rat
Value: 2.06 mg/l

Dermal:
Type of value: LD50
Species: rat
Value: > 5,000 mg/kg

Irritation / corrosion

Skin:
Species: rabbit
Result: Slightly irritating.

Eye:
Species: rabbit
Result: Minimally irritating.

Sensitization:
Buehler test
Species: guinea pig

Result: Non-sensitizing.

Genetic toxicity

Information on: Fludioxonil
Results from a number of mutagenicity studies with microorganisms, mammalian cell culture and mammals are available. Taking into account all of the information, there is no indication that the substance is mutagenic.

Information on: Acetone
In the majority of studies performed with microorganisms and in mammalian cell culture, a mutagenic effect was not found. A mutagenic effect was also not observed in in vivo tests.

Information on: dimethyl ether
No mutagenic effect was found in various tests with microorganisms and mammalian cell culture. Literature data.

Carcinogenicity

Information on: Fludioxonil
Results from a number of long-term carcinogenity studies and short-term test are available. Taking into account all of the information, there is no indication that the substance is carcinogenic.

Reproductive toxicity

Information on: Fludioxonil
Animal studies gave no indication of a developmental toxic effect at doses that were not toxic to the parental animals.
Information on: Acetone
As shown in animal studies, the product may cause damage to the testes after repeated high exposures that cause other toxic effects.
Information on: dimethyl ether
The results of animal studies gave no indication of a fertility impairing effect. Literature data.

Development:

Information on: Fludioxonil
Causes developmental effects in animals at high, maternally toxic doses.
Information on: Acetone
In animal studies the substance did not cause malformations.
Information on: dimethyl ether
In animal studies the substance did not cause malformations. Literature data.
---

12. Ecological Information

Fish

Information on: Fludioxonil
Acute:
Oncorhynchus mykiss/LC50 (96 h): 0.5 mg/l

Information on: Acetone
Acute:
OECD 203; ISO 7346; 84/449/EEC, C.1 Flow through.
Pimephales promelas/LC50 (96 h): 6,210 mg/l
The statement of the toxic effect relates to the analytically determined concentration.
other static
Oncorhynchus mykiss/LC50 (96 h): 5,540 mg/l
Nominal concentration.

Information on: dimethyl ether
Acute:
other semistatic
Poecilia reticulata/NOEC (96 h): > 4,000 mg/l
The product is highly volatile. Tested in a closed test system.

Aquatic invertebrates

Information on: Fludioxonil
Acute:
daphnia/LC50 (48 h): 1.1 mg/l

Information on: Acetone
Acute:
static
Daphnia pulex/LC50 (48 h): 8,800 mg/l
Nominal concentration.
static
Artema salina/LC50 (24 h): 2,100 mg/l
Nominal concentration.

Information on: dimethyl ether
Acute:
other static
Daphnia magna/No observed effect concentration (48 h): > 4,000 mg/l
The product is highly volatile. Tested in a closed test system.

Aquatic plants

Information on: Fludioxonil
Toxicity to aquatic plants:
algae/EC50 (120 h): 0.092 mg/l

Information on: Acetone
Toxicity to aquatic plants:
DIN 38412 Part 9 static
Bacteria/Toxic limit concentration (8 d): 530 mg/l
Nominal concentration.
---

13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal of substance:
Pesticide wastes are regulated. If pesticide wastes cannot be disposed of according to label instructions, contact the State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Container disposal:
Do not cut, puncture, crush, or incinerate empty aerosol containers. Consult state or local disposal authorities for approved alternative procedures such as container recycling. Empty aerosol cans may meet the definition of RCRA D003. Consult local and/or regional EPA for further guidance.

14. Transport Information

Land transport
USDOT

Hazard class:	2.1
ID number:	UN 1950
Hazard label:	2.1
Proper shipping name:	AEROSOLS

Sea transport
IMDG

Hazard class:	2.1
ID number:	UN 1950
Hazard label:	2.1
Marine pollutant:	NO
Proper shipping name:	AEROSOLS

Air transport
IATA/ICAO

Hazard class:	2.1
ID number:	UN 1950
Hazard label:	2.1
Proper shipping name:	AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE

Further information
DOT: This product may be classified as ORM-D (Consumer Commodity) or Limited Quantity. After 12/31/2013, ORM-D will not apply.

15. Regulatory Information

Federal Regulations

Registration status:

Chemical	TSCA, US	blocked / not listed
Crop Protection	TSCA, US	released / exempt

OSHA hazard category: Chronic target organ effects reported; Acute target organ effects reported; ACGIH TLV established; Toxic - inhalation

EPCRA 311/312 (Hazard categories): Acute; Fire; Sudden release of pressure

CERCLA RQ	CAS Number	Chemical name
5000 LBS	67-64-1	Acetone
100 LBS	115-10-6	dimethyl ether

State regulations

State RTK	CAS Number	Chemical name
MA, NJ, PA	115-10-6	dimethyl ether

16. Other Information

Refer to product label for EPA registration number.

Recommended use: fungicide

We support worldwide Responsible Care® initiatives. We value the health and safety of our employees, customers, suppliers and neighbors, and the protection of the environment. Our commitment to Responsible Care is integral to conducting our business and operating our facilities in a safe and environmentally responsible fashion, supporting our customers and suppliers in ensuring the safe and environmentally sound handling of our products, and minimizing the impact of our operations on society and the environment during production, storage, transport, use and disposal of our products.

MSDS Prepared by:
BASF NA Product Regulations
msds@basf.com

MSDS Prepared on: 2012/03/07

END OF DATA SHEET