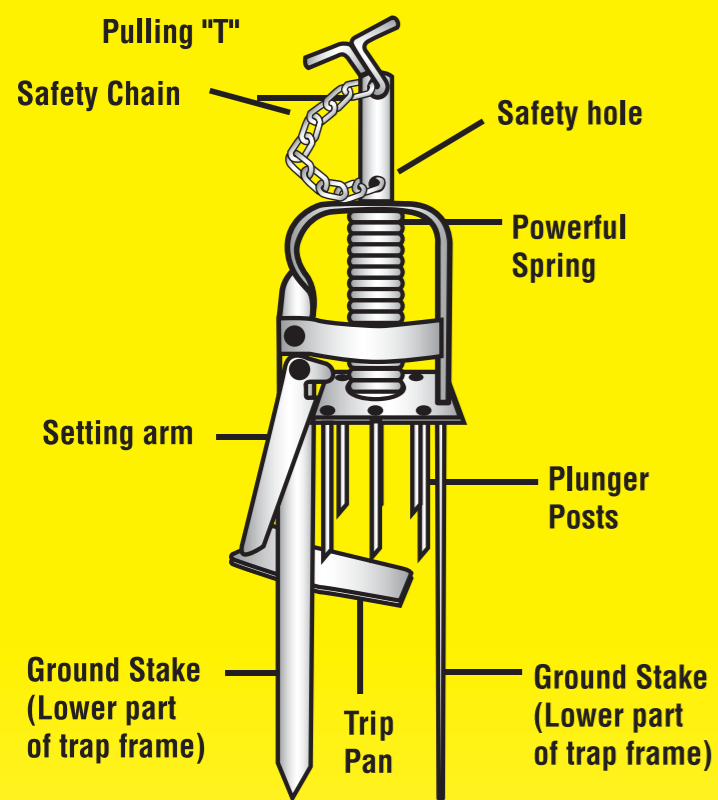


Directions for use

1. Make note of the trap pieces:



Step 1
Identify active mole tunnels in the targeted area. This can easily be accomplished by flattening out the tunnels and the adjacent mounds of exposed dirt, waiting 24 hours, and rechecking. Those tunnels and mounds which get reopened, are active and are a good place to start. Tunnels are generally identified by a long raised area of turf, which is generally located near a mound of dirt. These mounds of dirt that are raised up are "intersections" and areas where the moles can reach the surface. An ideal location for a trap is on a tunnel between two dirt mounds that have been identified as active.



Step 2
Flatten the roof of the tunnel using your hand or foot, flatten an area a little larger than the size of the trip pan. Be careful that you don't completely destroy the tunnel, the mole still has to use it, but flatten enough so that the mole will have to do some work to continue along the tunnel.



Step 3
Center the trap over the tunnel, with the trip pan directly over the flattened area you created in Step 2. The ground stakes need to go on each side of the tunnel. Push down on the trap until the trip pan is contacting the flattened area.



Step 4
Next, preset the plunger posts, this makes the trap work more efficiently. You can do this by moving the setting arm out of the way, (rotate it 90 degrees away from the trap), then hold the trap in place, pull up and down on the T-handle several times until the plunger posts slide easily in and out of the turf.



Step 5
To set the trap, move the setting arm back into position and allow the trip pan to lock into place as you pull up on the T-handle. Make sure the trip pan is sitting in the flattened area of the tunnel, you can do this by applying some downward pressure, but do it slowly and carefully as you may trigger the trip pan. There is a chain attached to the T-handle, this can be laced thru the safety hole to prevent the trap from triggering. Be sure to remove the safety chain so the trap will work properly. Once the trap is set, leave the area and check the trap on a daily basis.

Step 6
After trap has been triggered, go back to step 1.

Tech Tip: If the soil in the targeted area is very soft or sandy, the trap may not work very well, and additional site preparation may be needed. Remove a section of sod above the tunnel, then remove the layer of dirt between the sod and the tunnel, exposing the tunnel. Replace the sod over the exposed tunnel, creating a new roof for the tunnel. Place the trap directly over this area of turf. Continue at Step 3.

Mole Trap

Mole Trap

Mole Trap

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Trapping Tips
A. Spring is usually the best time because ridge tunnels are easy to see. Moles, unlike the seasons, are not so predictable. This means you can trap anytime moles are a problem except when the ground is very dry or cold.
B. Try to find an active surface tunnel for placing the trap. The simplest way to do this is to walk over surface tunnels flattening them with your feet. Recheck the flattened tunnels after 24 hours. Any rebuilt tunnel is an active one and is ready for the Bonide Mole Trap.

Caution
This is a sharp and powerful trap. It must be kept out of children's hands and away from pets. We suggest you cover the set trap with a water pail to stop curious hands. Please read the instructions for use carefully.



Fast, easy and effective