

# FOGGING CONCENTRATE

Shockwave® is unmatched fogging concentrate technology that delivers the highest-level control combined with the benefit of NyGuard® IGR activity. Shockwave provides flushing action and quick knockdown, plus residual activity. Shockwave contains NyGuard IGR that mimics naturally occurring insect growth hormones to interfere with insect growth and development.

# Shockwave contains five active ingredients

- Dual killing agents (Pyrethrum and Esfenvalerate)
- Dual synergized (Piperonyl Butoxide and MGK-264)
- Insect growth regulator (NyGuard® pyriproxyfen)

# Shockwave is the ideal clean-out solution for the toughest situations

- Heavy insect populations
- Hard-to-kill insects



# **Product Specifications**

Signal Word	Caution
Packaging	Gallons (4 per case)
<b>EPA Registration Number</b>	1021-1810
Food Handling	For use in food areas and non-food areas
Stability of Undiluted Product	Stable
Stability of Diluted Product	Stable in solution. Agitation recommended; not required. If left diluted in tank, make sure to agitate before reuse.
Appearance	Clear to light yellow
Odor	Slight odor of petroleum distillates
Active Ingredients	Pyrethrins, PBO, MGK 264, Esfenvalerate, Pyriproxifen
Flammability	Combustible liquid
Mode of Action	Sodium channel modulator – disrupts insects' nervous system, insect growth regulator
Class of Chemistry	Pyrethrins, insecticide synergists, IGR
Respirator Required	Required
Mix or Dilute in	Use undiluted or dilute in oil only (refined kerosenes as defined by CFR Title 21,172.884)
Activity	Contact kill, residual activity, IGR effect
Shelf Life	3 years or more if stored at room temperature

# **Use Areas**

# Indoors in Food and Non-food Areas, such as:

Homes

Food processing plants

Restaurants

Hotels

Schools

Warehouses

#### **Outdoor Use Around Structures**

Dumpsters Garbage cans

Homes

Public buildings Warehouses

# **Poultry Houses**

# **Transportation Equipment**

Ships Trains

Trucks



# CHNICAL BULLETIN

# **Method of Application**

- Mechanical foggers (space spray)
- Thermal foggers
- Compressed air sprayers (surface spray)
- Crack and crevice injection devices
- Aerosol generators
- Power sprayers (poultry houses)

# Best Practices when using Shockwave® Fogging Concentrate

# **Contains petroleum distillates**

Do not treat lawns, turf or plants. Do not treat surfaces that may be stained.

#### Dilute with oil

The Shockwave label allows it to be used indoors either diluted or undiluted. Outdoors it can only be used diluted. Dilute Shockwave with refined kerosenes that meet food additive regulations as defined by CFR Title 21, 172.884.

# Ventilate before re-entry

Ventilation is achieved by completely exchanging the air in the room or area 3 times.

## Mixing tip

When mixing, add the concentrate first, then dilute with oil, then agitate. If there is a good agitation in the mixing tank or unit, then the mixing order is not as important.

### In poultry houses

Remove animals prior to treatment. See label for full directions for use in poultry houses.

#### Note

Diluted product may look hazy. Keep product agitated as much as possible.

# **Key Insects Controlled**

#### Shockwave is labeled for the control of insects including, but not limited to:

Almond Moths

Angoumois Grain Moths

Ants

Black Flies

**Boxelder Bugs** 

Brown Dog Ticks

Cadelles

Carpet Beetles

Carrion Beetles

Cereal Beetles

Cheese Mites

Always read and follow label and SDS directions.

To learn more, visit www.mgk.com, call 1-800-645-6466 or send an e-mail to brands@mgk.com.

Cheese Skippers

Chocolate Moths

Cigarette Beetles

Clothes Moths

Clover Mites Cockroaches

Coffee Bean Weevils

Confused Flour Beetles

Crickets

Dark Mealworms

**Darkling Beetles** Deer Flies

**Dermestid Beetles** 

Drain Flies

**Dried Fruit Beetles** 

**Drugstore Beetles** 

Earwigs

Face Flies

Firebrats

Flat Grain Beetles

Fleas

Flies

Flying Moths

Fruit Flies **Fungus Gnats** 

Gnats

Grain Mites

**Granary Weevils** 

Hide Beetles Horn Flies

Hornets

Horse Flies

Indian Meal Moths

Khapra Beetles

Lesser Grain Beetles

Lesser Grain Borers

Lesser House Flies

Litter Beetles

Mediterranean Flour Moths

Merchant Grain Beetles

Midges

Miller Moths

Millipedes

Mosquitoes

Mosquitoes that may carry and

transmit West Nile Virus

Palmetto Bugs

Pillbugs

Red Flour Beetles

Rice Flour Beetles

Rice Weevils

Rusty Grain Beetles

Saw-tooth Grain Beetles

Silverfish

Skipper Flies

Small Flying Moths

Sowbugs Spider Beetles

Spiders Stable Flies

Ticks

Ticks that may carry and transmit Lyme disease

Tobacco Moths

Warehouse Beetles

Wasps

Waterbugs

Yellow Jackets

Yellow Mealworms



